

# Porównanie europejskich i amerykańskich standardów doboru podzespołów przenośników taśmowych

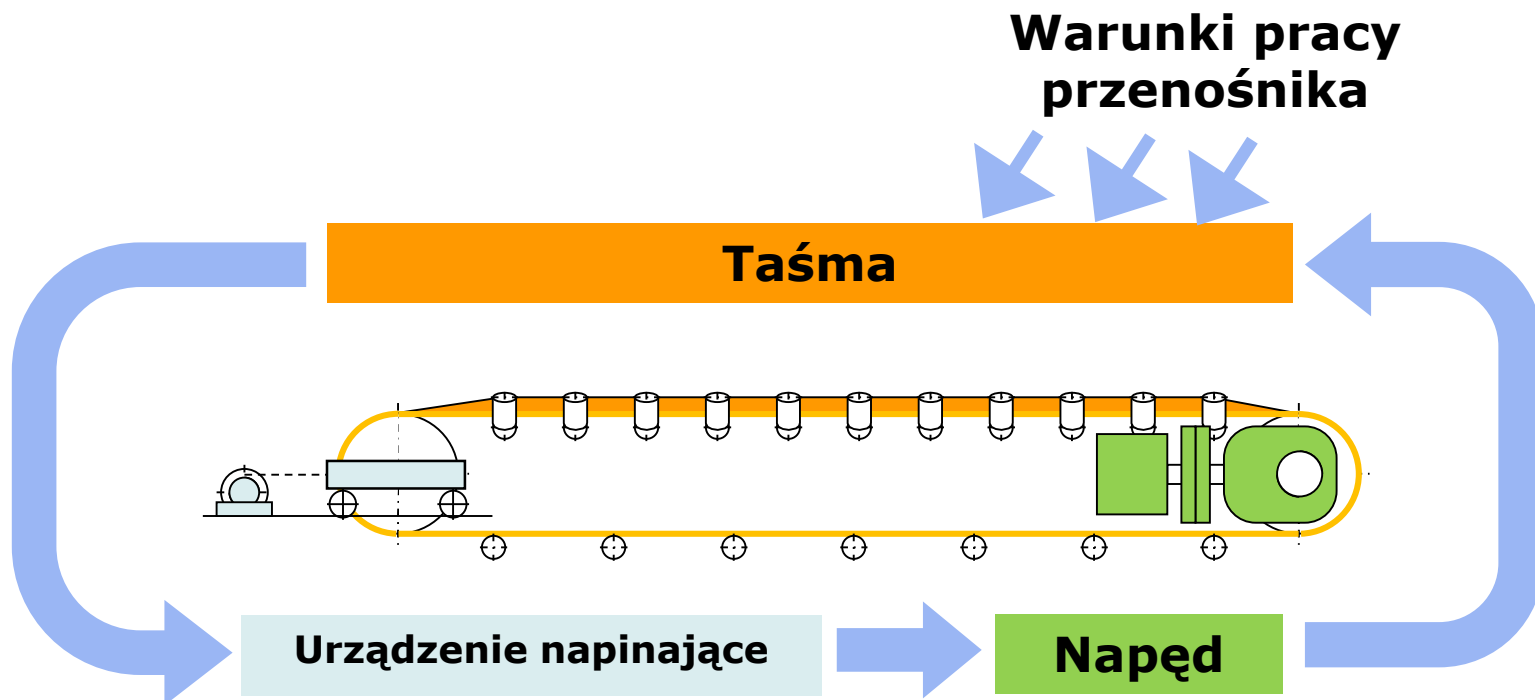
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**IX Konferencja Powder&Bulk „NOWOCZESNE  
TECHNOLOGIE W BRANŻY MATERIAŁÓW SYPKICH”,  
18 października Targi SyMas Kraków 2017**



**Wydział Inżynierii Mechanicznej i Robotyki  
Katedra Maszyn Górniczych, Przeróbczych i Transportowych**

# Dobór podzespołów przenośnika



Prawidłowo funkcjonujący przenośnik taśmowy posiada poprawnie dobrane:

- **urządzenie napinające,**
- **taśmę,**
- **układ napędowy;**

z uwzględnieniem **warunków pracy przenośnika** oraz wzajemnych relacji między poszczególnymi podzespołami.



Prepared by the Engineering Conference of the  
Conveyor Equipment Manufacturers Association



Conveyors for  
Materials

DEUTSCHE NORM

December 2011

DIN 22101

**DIN**

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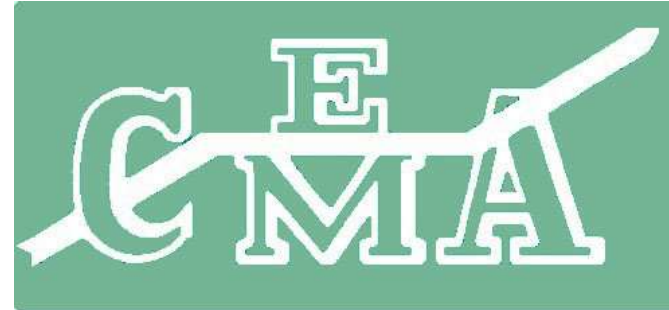
Supersedes  
DIN 22101:2002-08

**Continuous conveyors –  
Belt conveyors for loose bulk materials –  
Basis for calculation and dimensioning,  
English translation of DIN 22101:2011-12**

Stetigförderer –  
Gurtförderer für Schüttgüter –  
Grundlagen für die Berechnung und Auslegung,  
Englische Übersetzung von DIN 22101:2011-12

Engins de manutention continue –  
Transporteurs à bandes pour produits en vrac –  
Principes de base pour le calcul et la conception,  
Traduction anglaise de DIN 22101:2011-12

# Conveyor Equipment Manufacturers Association



*Organizacja służąca producentom i projektantom urządzeń przenośnikowych na całym świecie od 1933 roku. Zrzesza firmy, które reprezentują wiodących projektantów, producentów i instalatorów przenośników, elementów przenośników i systemów transportu materiałów. Firmy dobrowolnie stosują się do standardów projektowania, produkcji i bezpiecznej eksploatacji w celu promowania rozwoju branży i nowoczesnych technologii transportu .*

# Etapy doboru podzespołów wg CEMA

- » Charakterystyka materiału transportowanego
- » Wydajność, szerokość taśmy i jej prędkość
- » Zestawy krążnikowe
- » Siły w taśmie i moc napędu
- » Dobór typu taśmy
- » Bębny i wały
- » Łuki werykalne
- » Silnie nachylone odcinka przenośnika
- » Układ napinania, urządzenia czyszczące
- » Załadunek i rozładunek
- » Sterowanie układem napędowym
- » Eksploatacja i bezpieczeństwo

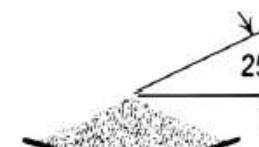
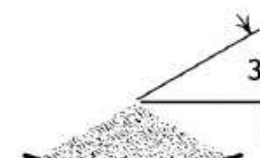
# Charakterystyka materiałów sypkich

- kąt usypu naturalnego materiału (**angle of repose**)



- kąt usypu materiału spoczywającego na przemieszczającej się taśmie przenośnikowej (**angle of surcharge**) , zwykle 5-15° mniejszy od kąta usypu naturalnego

# Kąt usypu materiału

| Flow                                                                                                                         |                                                                                   |                                                                                                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Very free flowing 1*                                                                                                         | Free flowing 2*                                                                   | Average flowing 3*                                                                                            |                                                                                     | Sluggish 4*                                                                                                  |
| Angle of Surcharge      kąt usypu na taśmie                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                              |
| 5°                                                                                                                           | 10°                                                                               | 20°                                                                                                           | 25°                                                                                 | 30°                                                                                                          |
|                                             |  |                             |  |                           |
| Angle of Repose      kąt usypu naturalnego                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                              |
| 0-19°                                                                                                                        | 20-25°                                                                            | 30-34°                                                                                                        | 35-39°                                                                              | 40° - up                                                                                                     |
| Material Characteristics                                                                                                     |                                                                                   |                                                                                                               |                                                                                     |                                                                                                              |
| Uniform size, very small rounded particles, either very wet or very dry, such as dry silica sand, cement, wet concrete, etc. | Rounded, dry polished particles, of medium weight, such as whole grain and beans. | Irregular, granular or lumpy materials of medium weight, such as anthracite coal, cottonseed meal, clay, etc. | Typical common materials such as bituminous coal, stone, most ores, etc.            | Irregular, stringy, fibrous, interlocking material, such as wood chips, bagasse, tempered foundry sand, etc. |

# Charakterystyka materiałów sypkich - CEMA

|                                   | Material Characteristics                            | Code |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------|
| Rozmiar                           | Very fine—100 mesh and under                        | A    |
|                                   | Fine—1/8 inch and under                             | B    |
|                                   | Granular—Under 1/2 inch                             | C    |
|                                   | Lumpy—containing lumps over 1/2' inch               | D    |
|                                   | Irregular—stringy, interlocking, mats together      | E    |
| Kąt usypu                         | Very free flowing—angle of repose less than 19°     | 1    |
|                                   | Free-flowing—angle of repose 20° to 29°             | 2    |
|                                   | Average flowing—angle of repose 30° to 39°          | 3    |
|                                   | Sluggish—angle of repose 40° and over               | 4    |
| Ścieralność                       | Nonabrasive                                         | 5    |
|                                   | Abrasive                                            | 6    |
|                                   | Very abrasive                                       | 7    |
|                                   | Very sharp—cuts or gouges belt covers               | 8    |
| Pozostałe cechy charakterystyczne | Very dusty                                          | L    |
|                                   | Aerates and develops fluid characteristics          | M    |
|                                   | Contains explosive dust                             | N    |
|                                   | Contaminable, affecting use or saleability          | P    |
|                                   | Degradable, affecting use or saleability            | O    |
|                                   | Gives off harmful fumes or dust                     | R    |
|                                   | Highly corrosive                                    | S    |
|                                   | Mildly corrosive                                    | T    |
|                                   | Hygroscopic                                         | U    |
|                                   | Interlocks or mats                                  | V    |
|                                   | Oils or chemical present—may affect rubber products | W    |
|                                   | Packs under pressure                                | X    |
|                                   | Very light and fluffy—may be wind-swept             | V    |
|                                   | Elevated temperature                                | Z    |

*Example:* A very fine material that is free-flowing, abrasive, and contains explosive dust would be designated: **Class A26N.**

# Charakterystyka materiałów sypkich - CEMA

| Material                                             | Average weight<br>(lbs/cu ft) | Angle of repose<br>(degrees) | Recommended maximum inclination<br>(degrees) | Code          |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Ashes, fly                                           | 40-45                         | 42                           | 20-25                                        | <b>A37</b>    |
| Cement, Portland                                     | 72-99                         | 30-44                        | 20-23                                        | <b>A36M</b>   |
| Coal, anthracite, river, or culm, 1/8 inch and under | 60                            | 35                           | 18                                           | <b>B35TY</b>  |
| Coal, lignite                                        | 40-45                         | 38                           | 22                                           | <b>D36T</b>   |
| Copper ore                                           | 120-150                       | 30-44                        | 20                                           | <b>*D37</b>   |
| Dolomite, lumpy                                      | 80-100                        | 30-44                        | 22                                           | <b>D36</b>    |
| Gravel, dry, sharp                                   | 90-100                        | 30-44                        | 15-17                                        | <b>D37</b>    |
| Lignite, air-dried                                   | 45-55                         | 30-44                        |                                              | <b>*D35</b>   |
| Rock, soft, excavated with shovel                    | 100-110                       | 30-44                        | 22                                           | <b>D36</b>    |
| Salt, common dry, fine                               | 70-80                         | 25                           | 11                                           | <b>D26TUW</b> |
| Sandstone, broken                                    | 85-90                         | 30-44                        |                                              | <b>D37</b>    |
| Wood chips                                           | 10-30                         | 45                           | 27                                           | <b>E45WY</b>  |
| Coal, anthracite, river, or culm, 1/8 inch and under | 60                            | 35                           | 18                                           | <b>B35TY</b>  |
| Coal, anthracite, sized                              | 55-60                         | 27                           | 16                                           | <b>C26</b>    |
| Coal, bituminous, mined 50 mesh and under            | 50-54                         | 45                           | 24                                           | <b>B45T</b>   |
| Coal, bituminous, mined and sized                    | 45-55                         | 35                           | 16                                           | <b>D35T</b>   |
| Coal, bituminous, mined, run of mine                 | 45-55                         | 38                           | 18                                           | <b>D35T</b>   |
| *Coal, bituminous, mined, slack, 1/2 inch and under  | 43-50                         | 40                           | 22                                           | <b>C35T</b>   |
| Coal, bituminous, stripping, not cleaned             | 50-60                         |                              |                                              | <b>D36T</b>   |
| Coal, lignite                                        | 40-45                         | 38                           | 22                                           | <b>D36T</b>   |

# Dobór szerokości taśmy

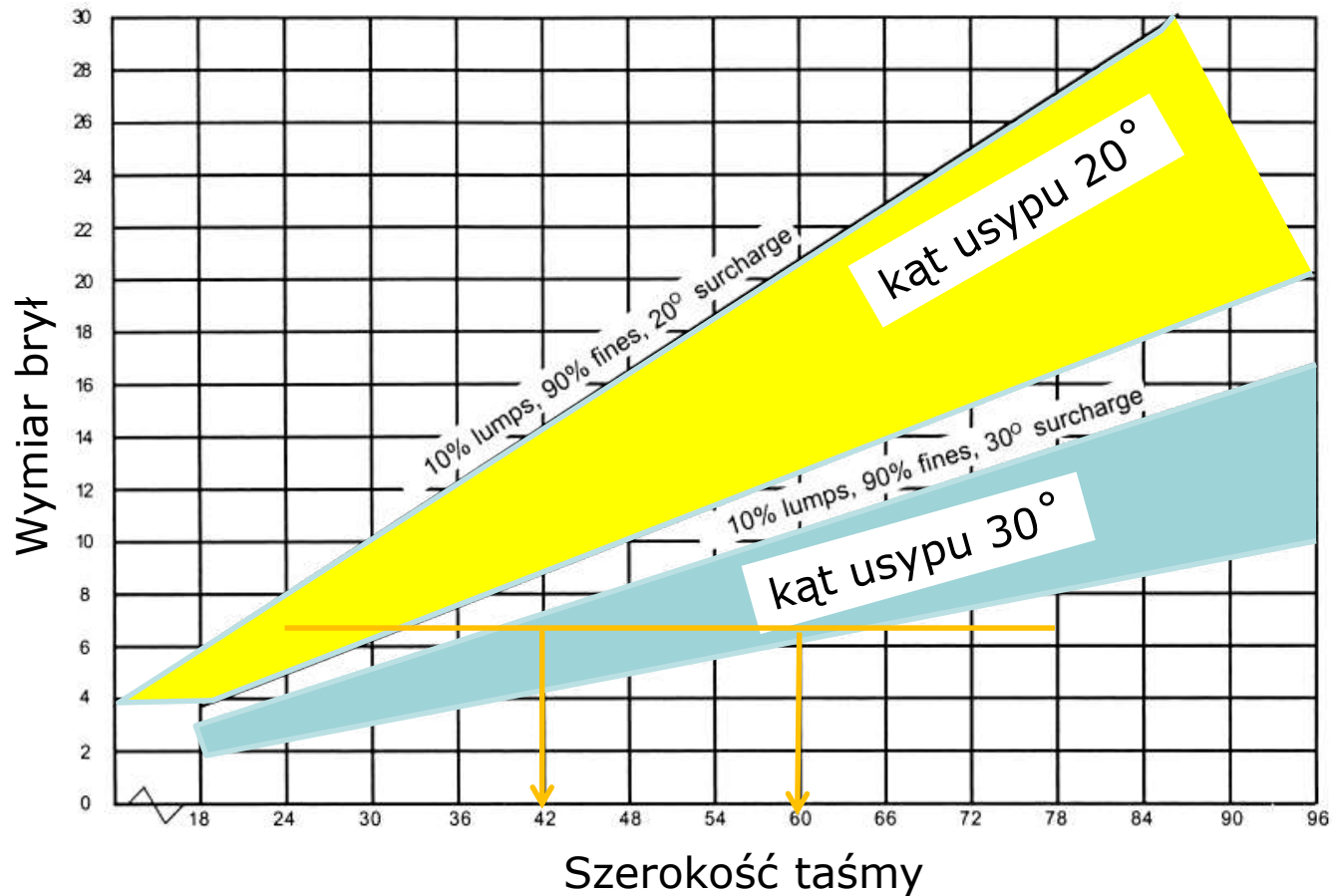


Figure 4.1 Belt width necessary for a given lump size. Fines: no greater than 1/10 maximum lump size.

Zalecana  
prędkość  
maksymalna

| Material Being Conveyed                                                                                                          | Belt Speeds (fpm)                                            | Belt Width (inches) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Grain or other free-flowing, nonabrasive material                                                                                | 500                                                          | 18                  |
|                                                                                                                                  | 700                                                          | 24-30               |
|                                                                                                                                  | 800                                                          | 36-42               |
|                                                                                                                                  | 1000                                                         | 48-96               |
| Węgiel, wilgotna glina,<br>nadkład, kamień<br>drobnokruszony                                                                     | 400                                                          | 18                  |
|                                                                                                                                  | 600                                                          | 24-36               |
|                                                                                                                                  | 800                                                          | 42-60               |
|                                                                                                                                  | 1000                                                         | 72-95               |
| Heavy, hard, sharp-edged ore, coarse-crushed stone                                                                               | 350                                                          | 18                  |
|                                                                                                                                  | 500                                                          | 24-36               |
|                                                                                                                                  | 600                                                          | Over 36             |
| Foundry sand, prepared or damp; shake-out sand with small cores, with or without small castings (not hot enough to harm belting) | 350                                                          | Any width           |
| Prepared foundry sand and similar damp (or dry abrasive) materials discharged from belt by rubber-edged plows                    | 200                                                          | Any width           |
| Nonabrasive materials discharged from belt by means of plows                                                                     | 200,<br>except for wood pulp, where 300 to 400 is preferable | Any width           |
| Feeder belts, flat or troughed, for feeding fine, nonabrasive, or mildly abrasive materials from hoppers and bins                | 50 to 100                                                    | Any width           |

1 m/s = 196,85 ft/min

1 ft = 0.3048 m

# Przykład: parametry przenośnika taśmowego

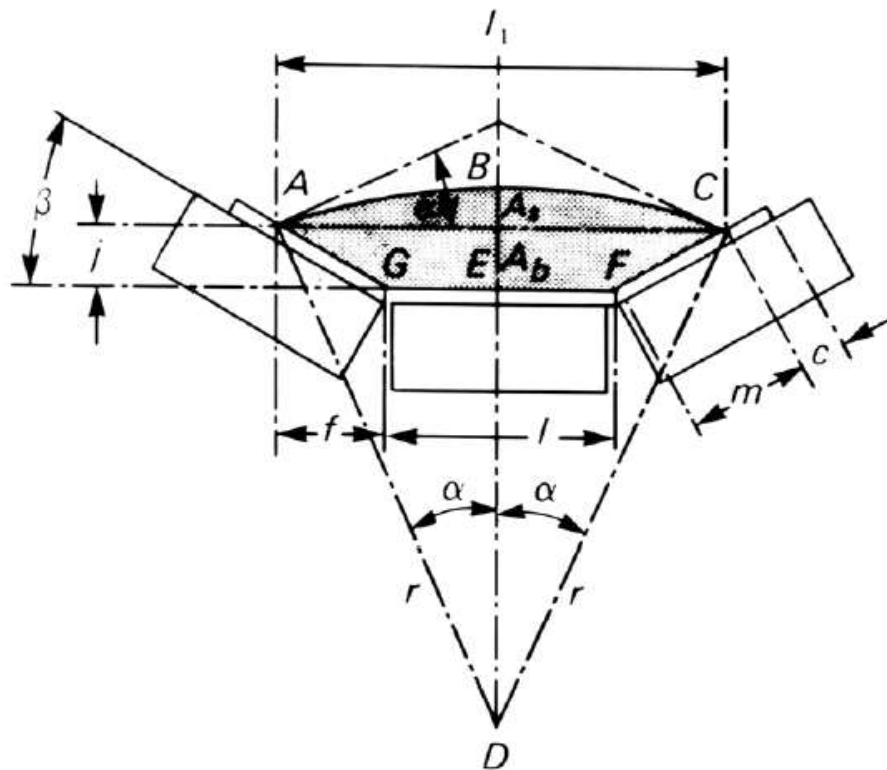
## Dane wejściowe:

- » Węgiel, anthracite, sized
- » Wydajność: 1000 tph
- » Długość: 1000 m → 3300 feet
- » Wysokość podnoszenia: 115 feet

## Wstępne założenia:

- » Prędkość taśmy: 600 fpm
- » Szerokość taśmy: 42 inches

# Pole przekroju strugi



$\alpha$  = angle of surcharge, degrees

$\beta$  = angle of idler roll, degrees

$A_s$  = area of surcharge, square inches

$A_b$  = base trapezoidal area, square inches

$l$  = length, one edge of trapezoidal area, inches

$l_1$  = length, other edge of trapezoidal area, inches

$j$  = height of trapezoidal area, inches

$m$  = slant length trapezoid, inches

$r$  = radius of surcharge arc, inches

$f$  = horizontal projection of slant side of trapezoid, inches

$c$  = edge distance, edge of material to edge of belt, inches

$b$  = width of belt, inches

Standard edge distance  $c = .055 b + 0.9$ , inches

# Weryfikacja doboru szerokości taśmy i jej prędkości

## 1. Określenie kąta usypu.

– The surcharge angle, on the average, will be 5 degrees to 15 degrees less than the angle of repose.

(ex. 27° - 12° = 15°)

|                         |    |
|-------------------------|----|
| Coal, anthracite, sized | 27 |
|-------------------------|----|

## 2. Określenie gęstości nasypowej (lb/ft<sup>3</sup>).

## 3. Wybór kształtu niecki.

## 4. Select a suitable conveyor belt speed.

## 5. Obliczenie wydajności objętościowej przy założonej prędkości (600fpm) [ft<sup>3</sup>/hr].

(ex. 1000 tph x 2000 / 60 = 33333 ft<sup>3</sup>/hr)

$$ft^3/hr = \frac{tph \times 2000}{\text{material density}}$$

## 6. Wyznaczenie wydajności jednostkowej (przy v = 100 fpm [0,5 m/s]).

$$\text{Capacity (equivalent)} = (ft^3/hr) \times \left( \frac{100}{\text{actual belt speed (fpm)}} \right)$$

(ex. Capacity (equiv) = 33333 x (100 / 600 fpm) = 5555 ft<sup>3</sup>/hr)

## 7. Dobór szerokości taśmy

## 8. Weryfikacja prędkości taśmy

# Wydajność objętościowa jednostkowa

 Table 4-3. 35-degree troughed belt—three equal rolls standard edge distance =  $0.055b + 0.9$  inch.

| Belt Width<br>(Inches) | $A_t$ - Cross Section of Load<br>(ft <sup>2</sup> ) |       |       |       |       |       |       | Capacity at 100 FPM<br>(ft <sup>3</sup> /hr) |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                        | Surcharge Angle                                     |       |       |       |       |       |       | Surcharge Angle                              |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|                        | 0°                                                  | 5°    | 10°   | 15°   | 20°   | 25°   | 30°   | 0°                                           | 5°    | 10°   | 15°   | 20°   | 25°   | 30°   |
| 18                     | .144                                                | .160  | .177  | .194  | .212  | .230  | .248  | 864                                          | 964   | 1066  | 1169  | 1274  | 1381  | 1492  |
| 24                     | .278                                                | .309  | .341  | .373  | .406  | .440  | .474  | 1668                                         | 1857  | 2048  | 2241  | 2438  | 2640  | 2847  |
| 30                     | .455                                                | .506  | .557  | .609  | .662  | .716  | .772  | 2733                                         | 3039  | 3346  | 3658  | 3975  | 4300  | 4636  |
| 36                     | .676                                                | .751  | .826  | .903  | .980  | 1.060 | 1.142 | 4058                                         | 4508  | 4961  | 5419  | 5886  | 6364  | 6857  |
| 42                     | .940                                                | 1.044 | 1.148 | 1.254 | 1.361 | 1.471 | 1.585 | 5644                                         | 6266  | 6891  | 7524  | 8169  | 8830  | 9511  |
| 48                     | 1.248                                               | 1.385 | 1.523 | 1.662 | 1.804 | 1.949 | 2.099 | 7491                                         | 8312  | 9138  | 9974  | 10825 | 11698 | 12598 |
| 54                     | 1.599                                               | 1.774 | 1.950 | 2.128 | 2.309 | 2.494 | 2.686 | 9598                                         | 10646 | 11700 | 12768 | 13855 | 14969 | 16118 |
| 60                     | 1.994                                               | 2.211 | 2.429 | 2.651 | 2.876 | 3.107 | 3.345 | 11966                                        | 13269 | 14580 | 15906 | 17257 | 18642 | 21058 |
| 72                     | 2.913                                               | 3.229 | 3.547 | 3.869 | 4.197 | 4.532 | 4.879 | 17484                                        | 19378 | 21285 | 23215 | 25182 | 27196 | 29275 |
| 84                     | 4.007                                               | 4.440 | 4.876 | 5.317 | 5.766 | 6.226 | 6.701 | 24043                                        | 26641 | 29256 | 31902 | 34597 | 37360 | 40210 |
| 96                     | 5.274                                               | 5.842 | 6.415 | 6.994 | 7.584 | 8.189 | 8.812 | 31645                                        | 35058 | 38490 | 41966 | 45506 | 49134 | 52876 |

# Rozstaw zestawów krążnikowych

Dobór rozstawu z uwzględnieniem: ciężaru taśmy i materiału transportowanego, typu krążników, zwisu taśmy, trwałości, typu taśmy, napięcia taśmy i promieni łuków wertykalnych i horyzontalnych

Table 5-2. Suggested normal spacing of belt idlers ( $S_i$ ).\*

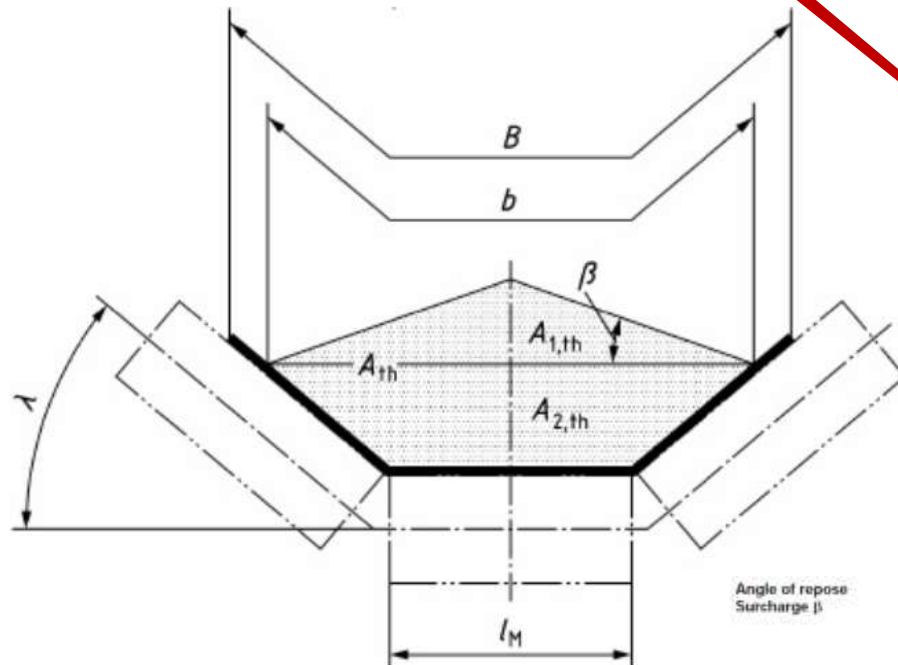
| Belt Width<br>(inches) | Troughing Idler Spacing               |     |     |     |     |     | Return Idlers |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
|                        | Weight of Material Handled, lbs/cu ft |     |     |     |     |     |               |
|                        | 30                                    | 50  | 75  | 100 | 150 | 200 |               |
| 18                     | 5.5                                   | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 10.0          |
| 24                     | 5.0                                   | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 10.0          |
| 30                     | 5.0                                   | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 10.0          |
| 36                     | 5.0                                   | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 10.0          |
| 42                     | 4.5                                   | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 10.0          |
| 48                     | 4.5                                   | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 10.0          |
| 54                     | 4.5                                   | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 10.0          |
| 60                     | 4.0                                   | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 10.0          |
| 72                     | 4.0                                   | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 8.0           |
| 84                     | 3.5                                   | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 8.0           |
| 96                     | 3.5                                   | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 8.0           |

\* Spacing indicated in feet. Spacing may be limited by load rating of idler. See idler load ratings in Tables 5-7—5-11.

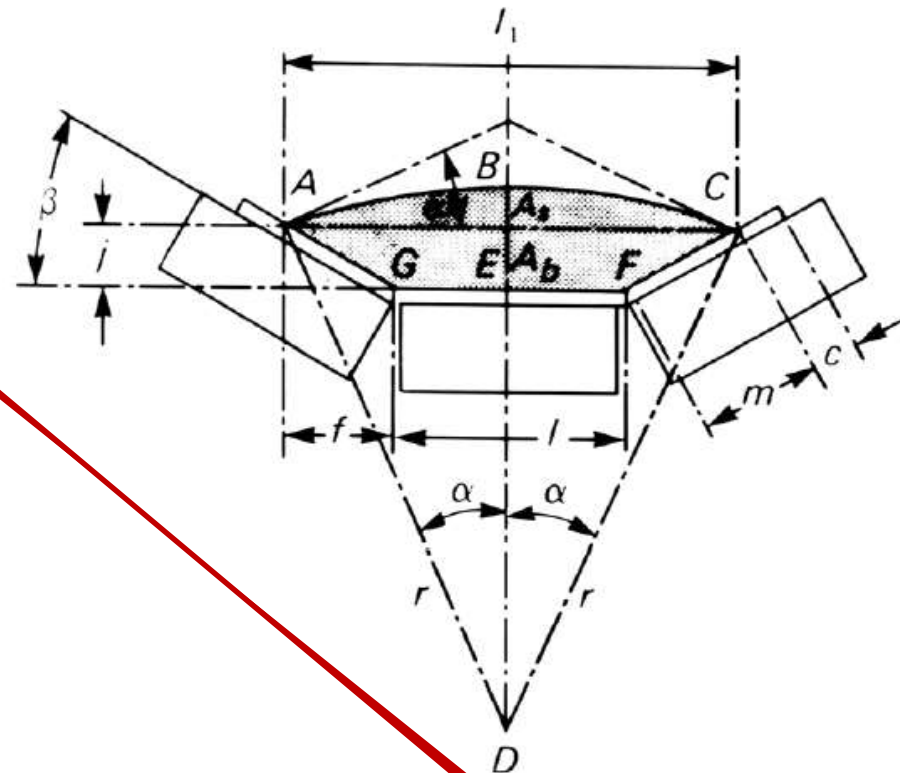
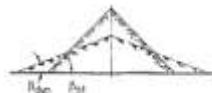
# Obliczenia wydajności

DIN 22101:1982-02

Belt Conveyors for Bulk Materials Calculations by CEMA



Angle of repose  
Surcharge  $\beta$



If a load is loosely poured a **static angle of slope**  $\beta_{st}$  will form. If the under layer is moved as when being transported on a conveyor belt, the angle of surcharge  $\beta_{dyn}$  is formed. The particles of the bulk load interact and the lower the internal friction of the material the lower the surcharge angle  $\beta_{dyn}$ .

Approximately:

$$\beta_{dyn} = (0.5 - 0.9) \cdot \beta_{st}$$

## Przykład: dobór parametrów

- » Prędkość taśmy: 600 fpm (3,06 m/s)
- » Szerokość taśmy: 42 inches (1067 mm)
- » Kąt niecki:  $35^\circ$
- »  $5555 \text{ [ft}^3\text{/hr]} / 7524 \text{ [ft}^3\text{/hr]} = 74\%$
- » Rozstaw zestawów: 4.5 feet (1,37 m)

# Dobór krążników

Trwałość krążników zależy od: **uszczelnień, łożysk, grubość płaszcza, prędkości taśmy, własności materiału transportowanego, obsługi, otoczenia, temperatury**, i doboru typu krążnika wg CEMA.

CEMA B load rating based on minimum  $L_{10}$  of 30,000 hours at 500 rpm

CEMA C load rating based on minimum  $L_{10}$  of 30,000 hours at 500 rpm

CEMA D load rating based on minimum  $L_{10}$  of 60,000 hours at 500 rpm

CEMA E load rating based on minimum  $L_{10}$  of 60,000 hours at 500 rpm

Table 5-1. Idler classification.

| Classification | Former Series Number | Roll Diameter (inches) | Belt Width (inches) | Description |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| A4             | STANDARD WITHDRAWN   |                        |                     |             |
| A5             | OCTOBER 1, 1996      |                        |                     |             |
| B4             | II                   | 4"                     | 18" through 48"     | Light Duty  |
| B5             | II                   | 5"                     | 18" through 48"     | "           |
| C4             | III                  | 4"                     | 18" through 60"     | Medium Duty |
| C5             | III                  | 5"                     | 18" through 60"     | "           |
| C6             | IV                   | 6"                     | 24" through 60"     | "           |
| D5             | None                 | 5"                     | 24" through 72"     | "           |
| D6             | None                 | 6"                     | 24" through 72"     | "           |
| E6             | V                    | 6"                     | 36" through 96"     | Heavy Duty  |
| E7             | VI                   | 7"                     | 36" through 96"     | "           |

# Krok 1 Dobór krążników

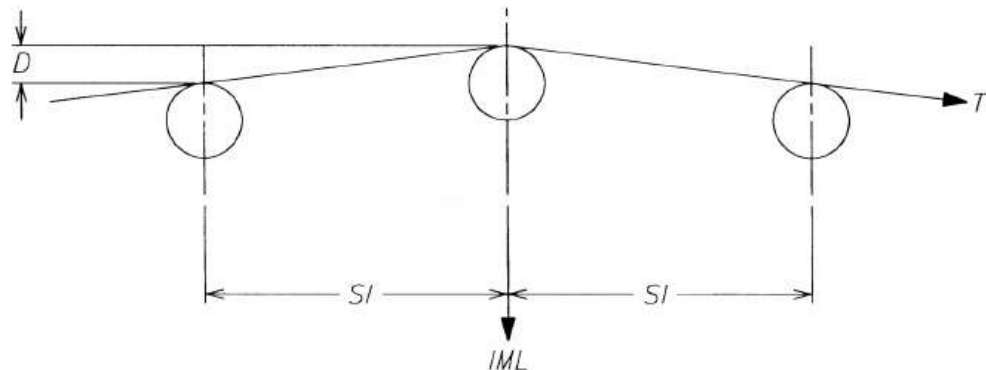
Obciążenie krążnika (lbs) = **CIL** = **((WB + (WM x KI)) x SI) + IML**

gdzie:

- » *WB = Ciężar taśmy (lbs/ft) use actual or estimate from Table 5-5*
- » *WM = Ciężar materiału (lbs/ft) = (Q x 2000) / (60 x Vee)*
- » *Q = Wydajność masowa (tons per hour)*
- » *Vee = Prędkość taśmy (fpm)*
- » *SI = Rozstaw zesdtawów (ft)*
- » *KI = Współczynnik udziału brył (see Table 5-6)*
- » *IML = Dodatkowe obciążenie promieniowe krążnika (lbs) = (D x T) / (6 x SI)*

gdzie:

- *D = Podniesienie (in.)*
- *T = Siła w taśmie (lbs)*
- *SI = Rzostaw zestawów (ft)*



# Krok 1 Dobór krążników - ciężar taśmy

»  $WB = \text{Ciężar taśmy}(\text{lbs/ft})$

Table 5-5. WB-Estimated average belt weight, multiple- and reduced-ply belts, lbs/ft.

| Belt Width<br>(inches ( <i>b</i> )) | Material Carried, lbs/cu ft |        |         | Coal, anthracite, sized | 55-60 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|---------|-------------------------|-------|
|                                     | 30-74                       | 75-129 | 130-200 |                         |       |
| 18                                  | 3.5                         | 4.0    | 4.5     |                         |       |
| 24                                  | 4.5                         | 5.5    | 6.0     |                         |       |
| 30                                  | 6.0                         | 7.0    | 8.0     |                         |       |
| 36                                  | 9.0                         | 10.0   | 12.0    |                         |       |
| 42                                  | 11.0                        | 12.0   | 14.0    |                         |       |
| 48                                  | 14.0                        | 15.0   | 17.0    |                         |       |
| 54                                  | 16.0                        | 17.0   | 19.0    |                         |       |
| 60                                  | 18.0                        | 20.0   | 22.0    |                         |       |
| 72                                  | 21.0                        | 24.0   | 26.0    |                         |       |
| 84                                  | 25.0                        | 30.0   | 33.0    |                         |       |
| 96                                  | 30.0                        | 35.0   | 38.0    |                         |       |

1. Steel cable belts increase the above value by 50%.

# Krok 1 Dobór krążników - wsp. udziału brył

» *Kl = Współczynnik udziału brył*

Table 5-6. K1-Lump adjustment factor.

| Maximum Lump Size (inches) | Material Weight, lbs/cu ft |     |     |     |     |     |     | Coal, anthracite, sized | 55-60 |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------|-------|
|                            | 50                         | 75  | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 |                         |       |
| 4                          | 1.0                        | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |                         |       |
| 6                          | 1.0                        | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |                         |       |
| 8                          | 1.0                        | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |                         |       |
| 10                         | 1.0                        | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |                         |       |
| 12                         | 1.0                        | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |                         |       |
| 14                         | 1.1                        | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 |                         |       |
| 16                         | 1.1                        | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 |                         |       |
| 18                         | 1.1                        | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 |                         |       |

# Dobór krążników

Obciążenie nośnego zestawu krążnikowego (lbs)

$$CIL = ((11 + (55 \times 1.0)) \times 4.5) + 0 = \mathbf{297 \text{ lbs}}$$

gdzie:

- » Ciężar taśmy WB = 11 lbs/ft
- » Ciężar materiału WM =  $(1000 \times 2000) / (60 \times 600) = 55 \text{ lbs/ft}$
- » Wydajność Q = 1000 tons per hour
- » Prędkość taśmy Vee = 600 fpm
- » Rozstaw zestawów krążnikowych SI = 4.5 ft
- » Wsp. udziału brył KI = 1.0
- » Siła promieniowa IML = 0

$$\text{Obciążenie zestawu dolnego (lbs)} = CILR = (11 \times 10) + 0 = 110 \text{ lbs}$$

- » Rozstaw zestawów dolnych SI = 10.0 ft

## Nośność zestawu dla krążników wg CEMA, lbs

Table 5-9. Load ratings for CEMA D idlers, lbs (rigid frame).

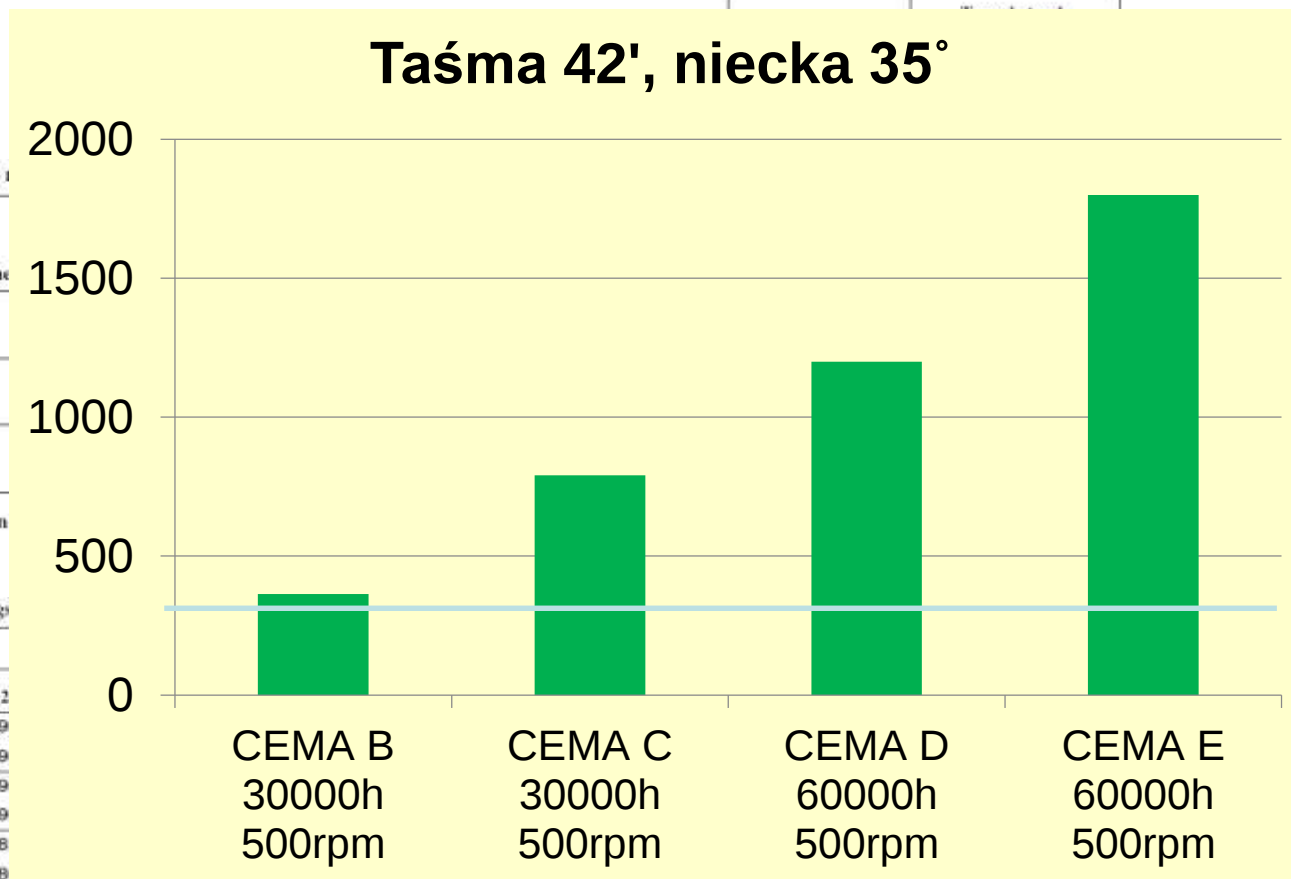


Table 5-7. Load 1

|                            |
|----------------------------|
|                            |
| <b>Belt Width (inches)</b> |
| 18                         |
| 24                         |
| 30                         |
| 36                         |
| 42                         |
| 48                         |

Ratings based on

Table 5-8. Load ratings

|                     |     |                                                      |     |   |     |  |
|---------------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-----|---|-----|--|
|                     |     | <div>0</div> <div>CEMA B<br/>30000h<br/>500rpm</div> |     |   |     |  |
| Belt Width (inches) | 2   |                                                      |     |   |     |  |
| 18                  | 9   |                                                      |     |   |     |  |
| 24                  | 9   |                                                      |     |   |     |  |
| 30                  | 9   |                                                      |     |   |     |  |
| 36                  | 9   |                                                      |     |   |     |  |
| 42                  | 8   |                                                      |     |   |     |  |
| 48                  | 8   |                                                      |     |   |     |  |
| 54                  | 750 | 698                                                  | 675 | * | 500 |  |
| 60                  | 700 | 650                                                  | 630 | * | 500 |  |
| 66                  |     |                                                      |     | * | 500 |  |

Ratings based on minimum  $L_{10}$  of 30,000 hours at 500 rpm.

\*Use CEMA D return idler

Ratings based on minimum  $L_{10}$  of 60,000 hours at 500 rpm.

Notes:

- Obciążenie krążnika wyznaczono dla zestawów trójkrażnikowych (Tables 5.7–5.10)
- Można stosować dla krążników nadawowych.
- Rozkład obciążenia krążników 70% krążnik środkowy i 15% boczny.

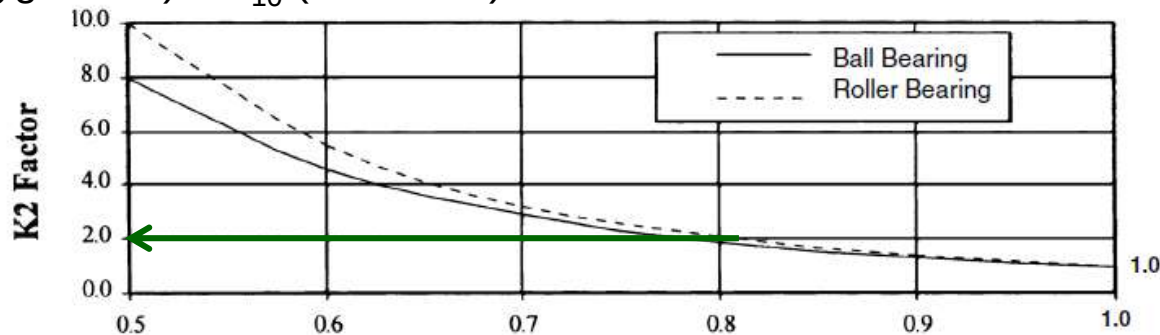
# K2 = Wpływ obciążenia na trwałość nominalną łożyska

Table 5-7. Load ratings for CEMA B idlers, lbs (rigid frame).

| Belt Width (inches) | Trough Angle |     |     | Single Roll Return |
|---------------------|--------------|-----|-----|--------------------|
|                     | 20°          | 35° | 45° |                    |
| 18                  | 410          | 410 | 410 | 220                |
| 24                  | 410          | 410 | 410 | 190                |
| 30                  | 410          | 410 | 410 | 165                |
| 36                  | 410          | 410 | 396 | 155                |
| 42                  | 390          | 363 | 351 | 140                |
| 48                  | 380          | 353 | 342 | 130                |

Ratings based on minimum  $L_{10}$  of 30,000 hours at 500 rpm.

$$L_{10} \text{ (skorygowana)} = L_{10} \text{ (obliczona)} \times K2 \times K3A \times K3B$$

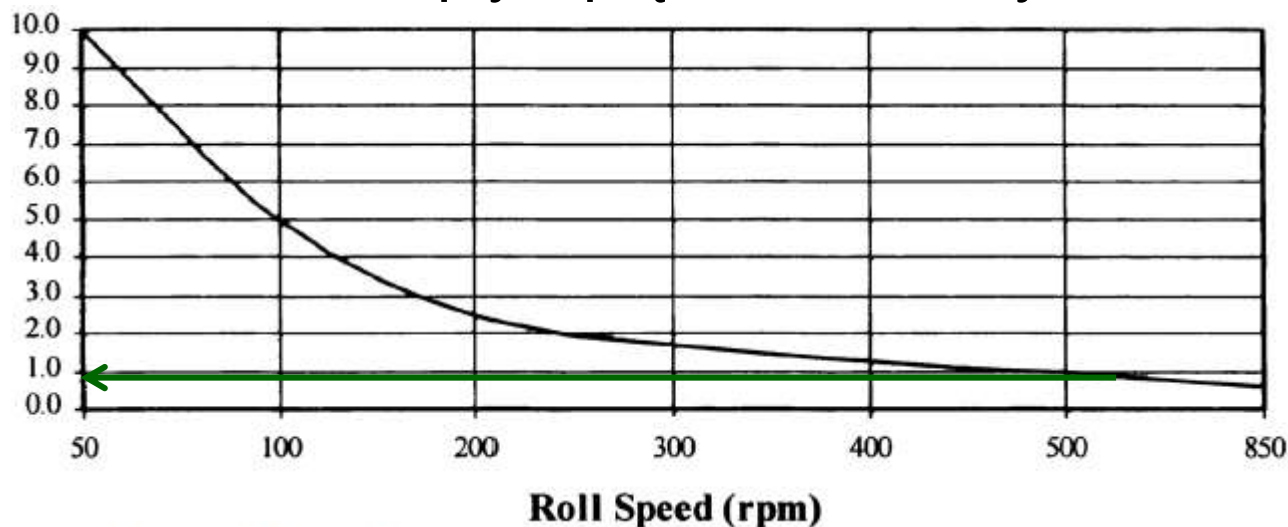


CIL = 297 lbs

$$\frac{\text{CIL (Calculated Idler Load)}}{\text{Idler Load Rating}} = 297 / 363 = 0.82 \rightarrow K2 = 2.0$$

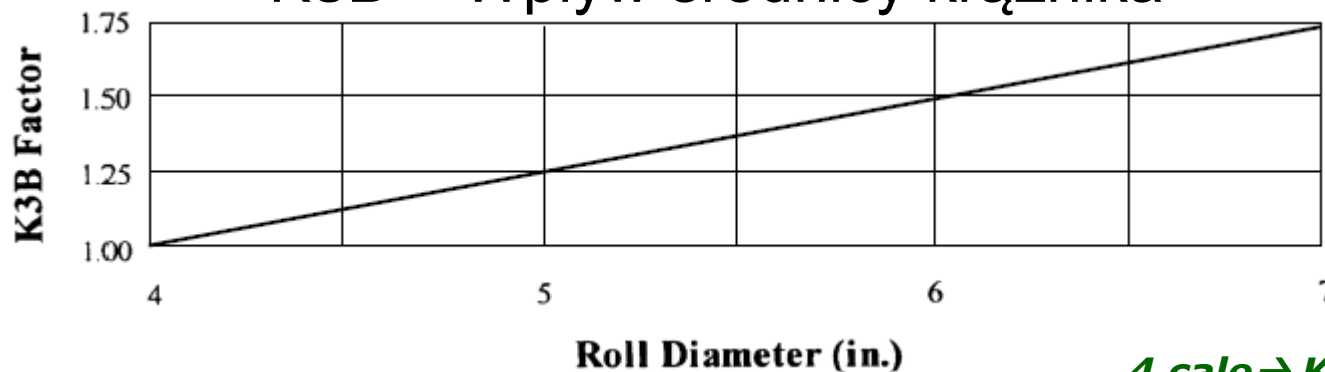
$$\text{Trwałość } L_{10} = (30,000 \times 2.0) = 60,000 \text{ h}$$

## K3A = Wpływ prędkości taśmy



$$rpm = \frac{\text{Belt Speed (fpm)} \times 12}{\text{Roll Diameter (in)} \times \pi} = 600 \times 12 / (4 \times 3.14) = 573 \text{ rpm} \rightarrow K3A = 0.9$$

## K3B = Wpływ średnicy kółnika



$$\text{Trwałość } L_{10} = (60,000 \times 0.9 \times 1.0) = 54,000 \text{ hours}$$

$$4 \text{ cale} \rightarrow K3B = 1.0$$

K4 = Wpływ otoczenia

» K4A = Wpływ kultury eksploatacji

**Średnia → K4A = 0.5**

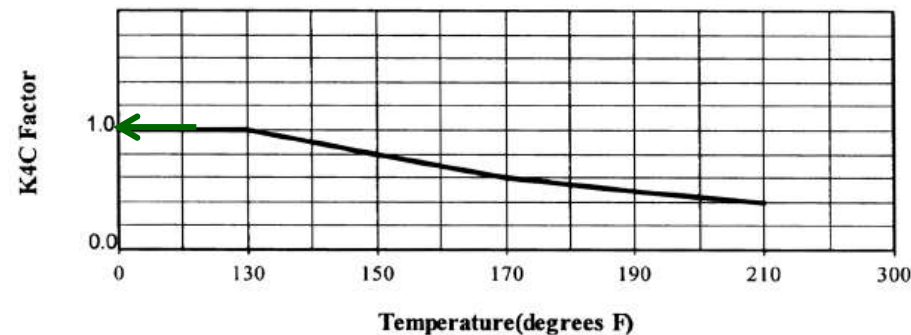
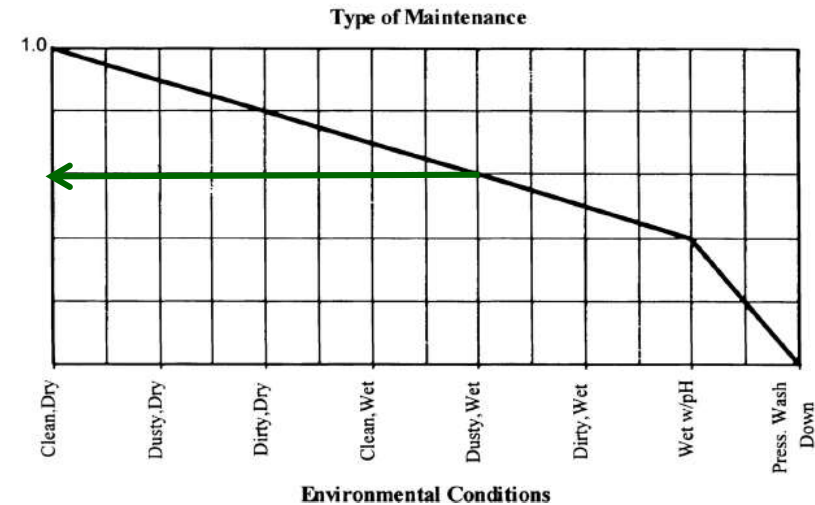
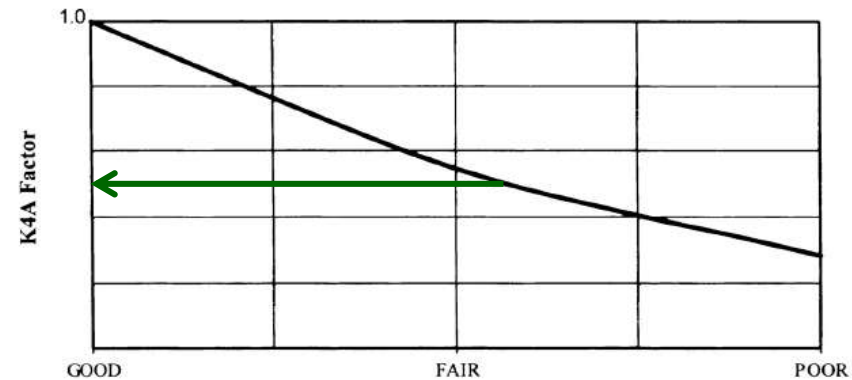
» K4B = Wpływ warunków eksploatacji

**Zapylenie, wilgotność → K4B = 0.6**

» K4C = Effect of operating temperature on potential idler life.

**$9/5 * 26^{\circ}\text{C} + 32 = 79^{\circ}\text{F} \rightarrow K4C = 1.0$**

**Trwałość L10 = (54,000 x 0.5 x 0.6 x 1.0 )  
= 16,200 h**



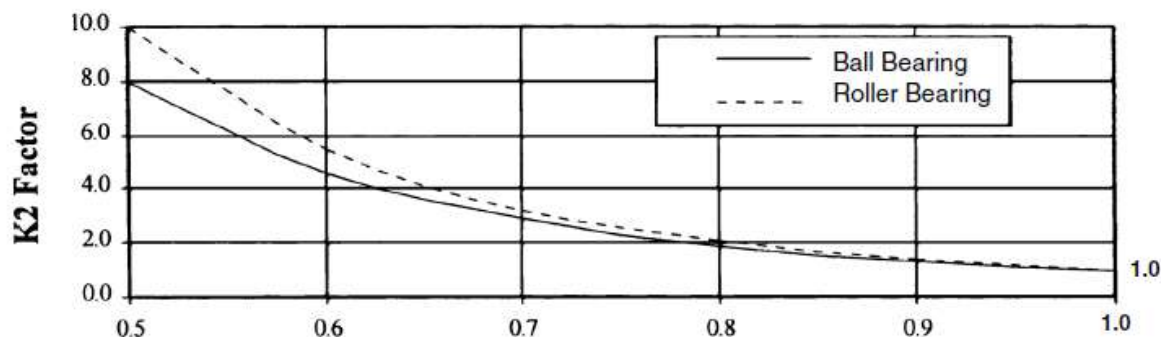
# CEMA C

Table 5-8. Load ratings for CEMA C idlers, lbs (rigid frame).

| Belt Width (inches) | Trough Angle |     |     | Single Roll Return | Two Roll "Vee" Return |
|---------------------|--------------|-----|-----|--------------------|-----------------------|
|                     | 20°          | 35° | 45° |                    |                       |
| 18                  | 900          | 900 | 900 | 475                |                       |
| 24                  | 900          | 900 | 900 | 325                | 500                   |
| 30                  | 900          | 900 | 900 | 250                | 500                   |
| 36                  | 900          | 837 | 810 | 200                | 500                   |
| 42                  | 850          | 791 | 765 | 150                | 500                   |
| 48                  | 800          | 744 | 720 | 125                | 500                   |
| 54                  | 750          | 698 | 675 | *                  | 500                   |
| 60                  | 700          | 650 | 630 | *                  | 500                   |
| 66                  |              |     |     | *                  | 500                   |

Ratings based on minimum  $L_{10}$  of 30,000 hours at 500 rpm.

\*Use CEMA D return idler



$$\frac{\text{CIL (Calculated Idler Load)}}{\text{Idler Load Rating}} = 297 / 791 = 0.4 \rightarrow K2 = 10.0$$

$$\text{Trwałość } L_{10} = (30,000 \times 10.0 \times 0.9 \times 0.5 \times 0.6) = 81,000 \text{ h}$$

## Średni ciężar części ruchomych zestawu krążnikowego (lbs)

Table 5-11. Average weight (lbs) of troughing idler rotating parts—steel rolls.

| Belt Width<br>(inches) | CEMA Idler Class |      |      |      |      |      |      |       |       |
|------------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
|                        | B4               | B5   | C4   | C5   | C6   | D5   | D6   | E6    | E7    |
| 18                     | 15.0             | 19.2 | 14.5 | 19.1 | 26.7 |      |      |       |       |
| 24                     | 18.3             | 24.2 | 17.5 | 23.2 | 32.6 | 23.2 | 32.6 |       |       |
| 30                     | 21.8             | 28.3 | 20.5 | 26.8 | 38.0 | 26.8 | 38.0 |       |       |
| 36                     | 25.3             | 33.0 | 23.5 | 31.3 | 43.6 | 31.3 | 43.6 | 64.8  | 81.8  |
| 42                     | 30.8             | 38.1 | 26.5 | 35.2 | 49.2 | 35.2 | 49.2 | 73.3  | 91.7  |
| 48                     | 32.9             | 41.6 | 29.5 | 39.3 | 54.8 | 39.3 | 54.8 | 81.9  | 101.3 |
| 54                     |                  |      |      | 45.9 | 62.3 | 45.9 | 62.3 | 93.6  | 121.8 |
| 60                     |                  |      |      | 50.1 | 68.3 | 50.1 | 68.3 | 102.2 | 132.7 |
| 72                     |                  |      |      |      |      | 57.9 | 77.8 | 119.4 | 154.5 |
| 84                     |                  |      |      |      |      |      |      | 132.0 | 164.0 |
| 96                     |                  |      |      |      |      |      |      | 145.3 | 173.0 |

Table 5-12. Average weight (lbs) of return idler rotating parts—steel rolls.

| Belt Width<br>(inches) | CEMA Idler Class |      |      |      |      |      |      |       |       |
|------------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
|                        | B4               | B5   | C4   | C5   | C6   | D5   | D6   | E6    | E7    |
| 18                     | 13.1             | 16.3 | 12.2 | 16.6 | 21.6 |      |      |       |       |
| 24                     | 16.3             | 20.9 | 15.2 | 20.1 | 27.1 | 20.9 | 30.1 |       |       |
| 30                     | 19.5             | 24.5 | 18.2 | 24.0 | 32.3 | 25.8 | 35.4 |       |       |
| 36                     | 22.7             | 28.5 | 21.2 | 28.0 | 37.6 | 30.1 | 40.5 | 59.0  | 70.0  |
| 42                     | 26.0             | 33.0 | 24.6 | 32.1 | 43.3 | 34.3 | 47.2 | 67.4  | 80.1  |
| 48                     | 27.4             | 36.1 | 27.6 | 36.1 | 48.4 | 38.7 | 54.4 | 75.6  | 89.9  |
| 54                     |                  |      |      |      |      | 43.4 | 60.8 | 83.2  | 99.9  |
| 60                     |                  |      |      |      |      | 49.2 | 68.1 | 92.2  | 109.4 |
| 72                     |                  |      |      |      |      | 55.1 | 74.9 | 109.4 | 129.0 |
| 84                     |                  |      |      |      |      |      |      | 114.0 | 136.2 |
| 96                     |                  |      |      |      |      |      |      | 122.0 | 149.8 |

# Dobór mocy napędu - opory ruchu

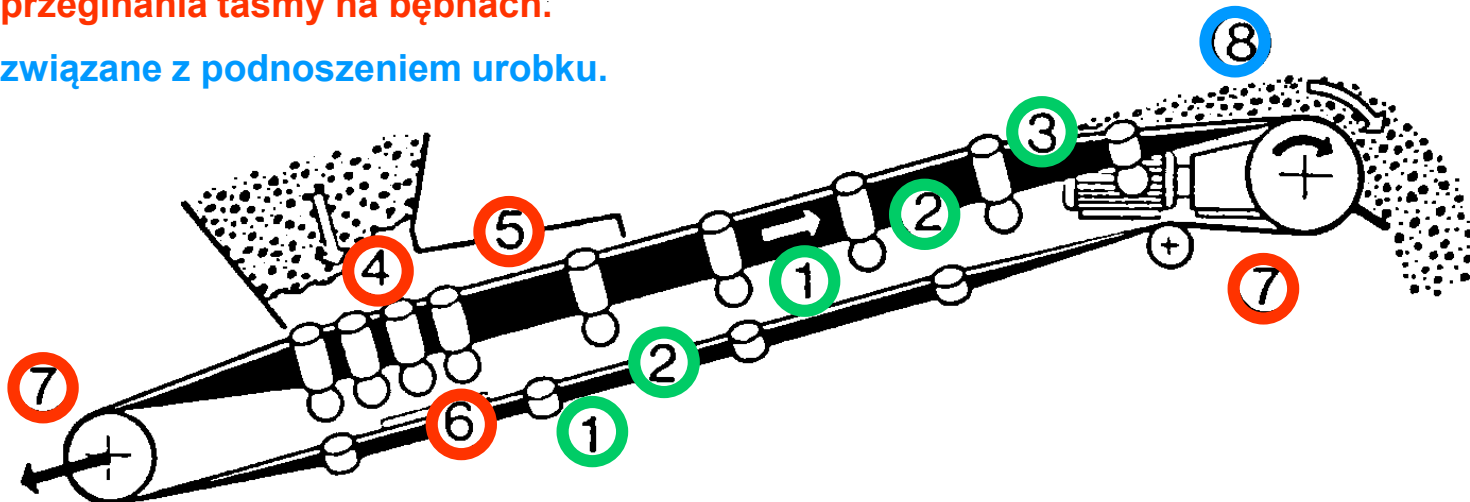
## Źródła oporów ruchu przenośnika.

1. Opory ruchu krążników.
2. Opory przeginalania taśmy.
3. Opory związane z falowaniem urobku.
4. Opory w miejscu załadunku związane z rozpędzaniem ładunku.
5. Opory w miejscu załadunku związane z tarciem.
6. Opory urządzeń czyszczących.
7. Opory przeginalania taśmy na bębnach.
8. Opory związane z podnoszeniem urobku.

$W_G$  - główne

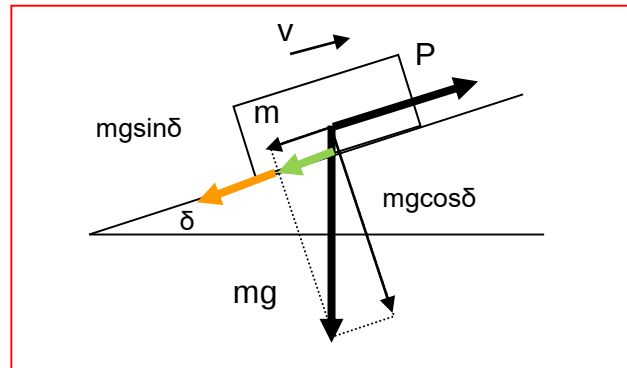
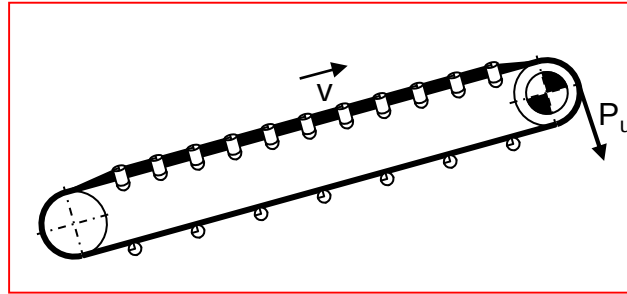
$W_S$  - skupione

$W_H$  - podnoszenia



# Obliczeniowy model fizyczny przenośnika taśmowego

W ruchu ustalonym ( $v = \text{const}$ )  $\rightarrow P_u = W_C$



$$P = W = \underbrace{\mu \cdot m \cdot g \cdot \cos \delta}_{\text{Siła tarcia}} + \underbrace{m \cdot g \cdot \sin \delta}_{\text{Siła ciężkości}}$$

$$\mu \rightarrow f \quad m \rightarrow \sum m_i$$

$$P_u = W_C = C \cdot f \cdot \sum m_i \cdot g \cdot \cos \delta + \sum m_i \cdot g \cdot \sin \delta$$

## DIN 22101:1982-02

| Horizontal, inclined or slightly declined installations - Motor driven                                                         |               |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Favourable working conditions, easily rotating idlers, material with low internal friction and good tracking, good maintenance | 0.017         |
| Normal installation, normal material                                                                                           | 0.020         |
| Unfavourable conditions, low temperature, material with high internal friction, subject to overload, poor maintenance          | 0.023 - 0.027 |
| Installations with steep declines creating regenerative conditions                                                             | 0.012 - 0.016 |

With  $v < 5$  m/s

$$f = c \cdot f_{5\text{m/s}}$$

| v (m/s)  | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    | 6    |
|----------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Factor c | 0.80 | 0.85 | 0.90 | 1.00 | 1.10 |

With  $T < 20^\circ\text{C}$

$$f = c \cdot f_{20^\circ\text{C}}$$

| T ( $^\circ\text{C}$ ) | +20° | 0°   | -10° | -20° | -30° |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Factor c               | 1.00 | 1.07 | 1.17 | 1.28 | 1.47 |

## Współczynnik oporów głównych f

Table 4 — Standard values for the hypothetical friction coefficient  $f$  for estimating the total primary resistance in the upper and lower strands of conveyors with a filling ratio  $\phi$  within the range 0,7 to 1,1

| Characteristic                               | Values for characteristic         |                                                         |                                                        |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Internal friction of material to be conveyed | medium                            | low                                                     | high                                                   |
| Belt conveyor alignment                      | medium                            | good                                                    | bad                                                    |
| Belt tension                                 | medium                            | high                                                    | low                                                    |
| Operating conditions (dusty, sticky)         | medium                            | good                                                    | bad                                                    |
| Idler diameter                               | 108 to 159                        | > 159                                                   | < 108                                                  |
| Spacing of upper strand idlers in m          | 1,0 to 1,5                        | < 1,0                                                   | > 1,5                                                  |
| Spacing of lower strand idlers in m          | 2,5 to 3,5                        | < 2,5                                                   | > 3,5                                                  |
| Belt speed in m/s                            | 4 to 6                            | < 4                                                     | > 6                                                    |
| Troughing angle in $^\circ$                  | 25 to 35                          | < 25                                                    | > 35                                                   |
| Ambient temperature in $^\circ\text{C}$      | 15 to 25                          | > 25                                                    | < 15                                                   |
| Friction coefficient $f$                     | Standard value<br>$\approx 0,020$ | causes                                                  |                                                        |
|                                              |                                   | reduction of<br>friction coefficient $f$<br>to<br>0,010 | increase of<br>friction coefficient $f$<br>to<br>0,040 |

For central European regions and normal working conditions the value of  $f = 0.020 - 0.021$  would be used.

In extreme temperatures such as those in tropical regions a value for  $f = 0.017$  would apply.

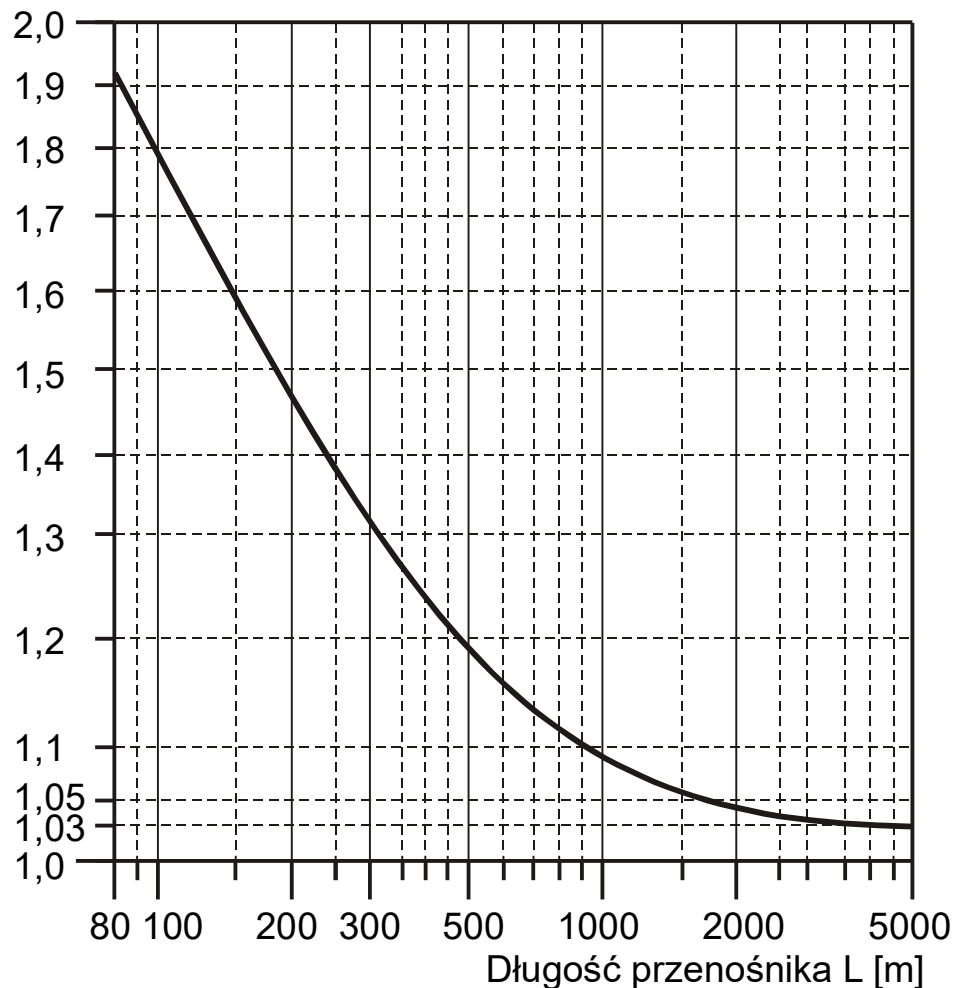
In extremely low temperatures a value for  $f$  up to 0.035 would be used.

# Współczynnik oporów skupionych C

DIN 22101:1982-02

Do obliczenia oporów skupionych potrzebna jest wartość współczynnika **C**. Opory skupione są wywoływane przede wszystkim siłami bezwładności i siłami tarcia występującymi w rejonie punktu załadowniczego. Wartości współczynnika **C** w zależności od długości przenośnika **L** (wg DIN 22101) zestawiono w tablicy. Za pomocą tego współczynnika można dość dokładnie obliczać przenośniki o długości powyżej 80 [m].

Wsp. długości C



# Dobór mocy napędu

## Belt Conveyors for Bulk Materials Calculations by CEMA

- » Wymagana moc napędu,  $hp$ , do utrzymania załadowanej taśmy w ruchu ustalonym z prędkością  $V$ , in fpm:

$$hp = \frac{T_e \times V}{33,000}$$

- »  $T_e$  jest sumą oporów:
1. Opory podnoszenia.
  2. Opory dodatkowe elementów przenośnika, napędów, urządzeń czyszczących
  3. Opory ruchu taśmy
  4. Opory załadunku

# Siła napędowa, $T_e$

$$T_e = LK_t(K_x + K_yW_b + 0.015W_b) + W_m(LK_y \pm H) + T_p + T_{am} + T_{ac}$$

gdzie:

$L$  = długość przenośnika, [ft]

$K_t$  = współczynnik korekcyjny temperatury otoczenia

$K_x$  = współczynnik oporów obracania krążników i przemieszczania taśmy po krążnikach, [lbs/ft]

$K_y$  = współczynnik oporów przeginania taśmy i falowania urobku, dla cięgna dolnego przyjmuje się 0.015

$W_b$  = ciężar taśmy, [lbs/ft]

$W_m$  = ciężar nosiwa, [lbs/ft]

$$W_m = \frac{Q \times 2,000}{60 \times V} = \frac{33.33 \times Q}{V}$$

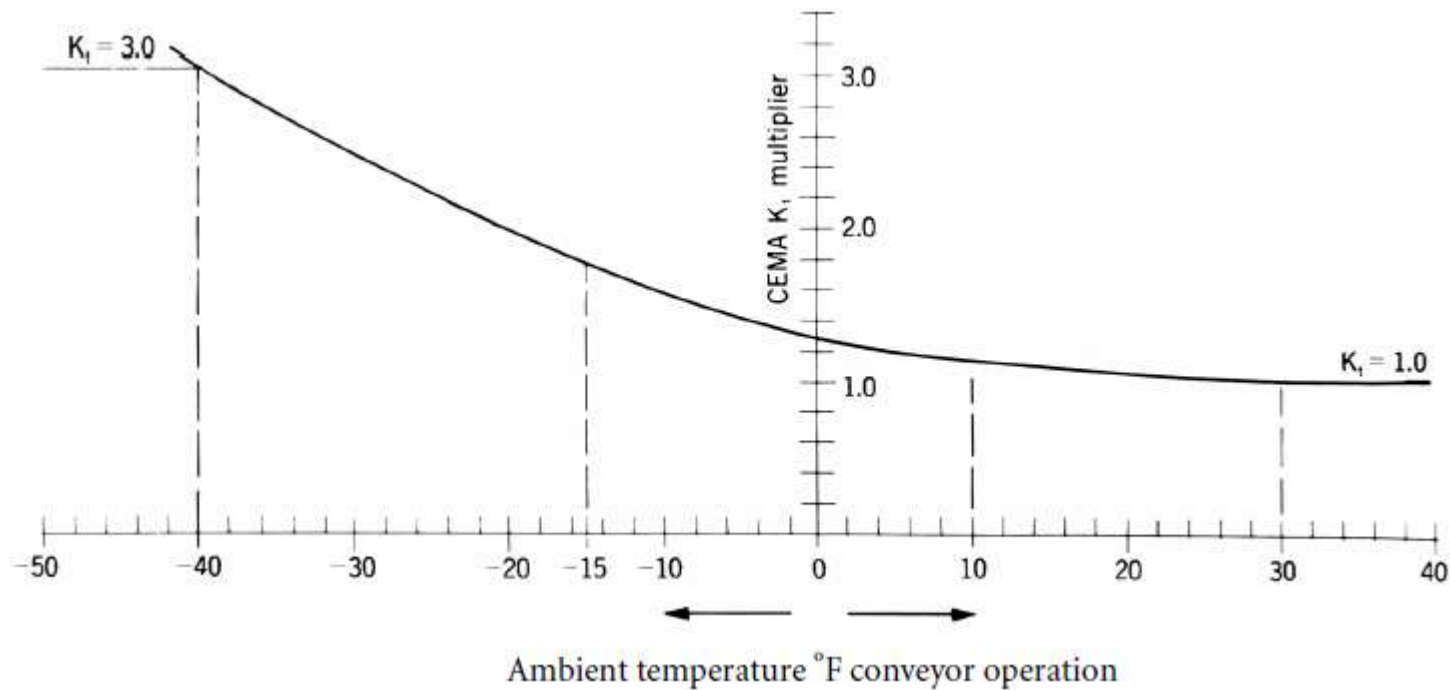
$H$  = wysokość podnoszenia nosiwa, [ft]

$T_p$  = opory przeginania taśmy na bębnach, [lbs]

$T_{am}$  opory przyśpieszania nosiwa w punkcie załadowniczym, [lbs]

$T_{ac}$  = sumaryczne opory urządzeń czyszczących, [lbs]

$K_t$  — współczynnik korekcyjny temperatury otoczenia



**79 °F →  $K_t = 1.0$**

$K_x$  — współczynnik oporów obracania krążników i przemieszczania taśmy po krążnikach, lbs/ft

» Współczynnik  $K_x$  wyznacza się z zależności:

$$K_x = 0.00068(W_b + W_m) + \frac{A_i}{S_i}, \text{ lbs tension per foot of belt length}$$

$$A_i = 1.5 \text{ for 6" diameter idler rolls, CEMA C6, D6}$$

$$A_i = 1.8 \text{ for 5" diameter idler rolls, CEMA B5, C5, D5}$$

$$A_i = 2.3 \text{ for 4" diameter idler rolls, CEMA B4, C4}$$

$$A_i = 2.4 \text{ for 7" diameter idler rolls, CEMA E7}$$

$$A_i = 2.8 \text{ for 6" diameter idler rolls, CEMA E6}$$

For regenerative declined conveyors,  $A_i = 0$ .

$$W_b = 11 \text{ lbs/ft}$$

$$W_m = (1000 \times 2000) / (60 \times 600) = 55 \text{ lbs/ft}$$

$$S_i = 4.5 \text{ ft}$$

CEMA B4

$$K_x = 0.00068(11+55) + 2.3/4.5 = 0.0449 + 0.51 = 0.555 \text{ lbs/ft}$$

# $K_y$ — współczynnik oporów przeginalania taśmy i falowania urobku

Table 6-2 określa  $K_y$  z uwzględnieniem: ciężaru taśmy,  $W_b$ ; ciężaru nosiwa,  $W_m$ ; rozstawu zestawów,  $S_i$ ; nachylenia.

Table 6-2. Factor  $K_y$  values.

| Conveyor Length<br>(ft) | $W_b + W_m$<br>(lbs/ft) | Percent Slope       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                         |                         | 0                   | 3     | 6     | 9     | 12    | 24    | 33    |
|                         |                         | Approximate Degrees |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|                         |                         | 0                   | 2     | 3.5   | 5     | 7     | 14    | 18    |
| 3000                    | 50                      | 0.024               | 0.022 | 0.019 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 75                      | 0.023               | 0.019 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 100                     | 0.022               | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 150                     | 0.022               | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 200                     | 0.019               | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 250                     | 0.018               | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.018               | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |

Idle spacing: The above values of  $K_y$  are based on the following idler spacing (for other spacing, see Table 6-3).

| $(W_b + W_m)$ , lbs per ft | $S_i$ , ft | $(W_b + W_m)$ , lbs per ft | $S_i$ , ft |
|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|------------|
| Less than 50               | 4.5        | 100 to 149                 | 3.5        |
| 50 to 99                   | 4.0        | 150 and above              | 3.0        |

$$\rightarrow K_y = 0.020$$

Table 6-2. Factor  $K_y$  values.

| Conveyor Length<br>(ft) | $W_b + W_m$<br>(lbs/ft) | Percent Slope       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                         |                         | 0                   | 3     | 6     | 9     | 12    | 24    | 33    |
|                         |                         | Approximate Degrees |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|                         |                         | 0                   | 2     | 3.5   | 5     | 7     | 14    | 18    |
| 250                     | 20                      | 0.035               | 0.035 | 0.034 | 0.031 | 0.031 | 0.031 | 0.031 |
|                         | 50                      | 0.035               | 0.034 | 0.033 | 0.032 | 0.031 | 0.028 | 0.027 |
|                         | 75                      | 0.035               | 0.034 | 0.032 | 0.032 | 0.030 | 0.027 | 0.025 |
|                         | 100                     | 0.035               | 0.033 | 0.032 | 0.031 | 0.030 | 0.026 | 0.023 |
|                         | 150                     | 0.035               | 0.035 | 0.034 | 0.033 | 0.031 | 0.025 | 0.021 |
|                         | 200                     | 0.035               | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.032 | 0.024 | 0.018 |
|                         | 250                     | 0.035               | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.033 | 0.021 | 0.018 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.035               | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.032 | 0.019 | 0.018 |
| 400                     | 20                      | 0.035               | 0.034 | 0.032 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.030 |
|                         | 50                      | 0.035               | 0.033 | 0.031 | 0.029 | 0.029 | 0.026 | 0.025 |
|                         | 75                      | 0.034               | 0.033 | 0.030 | 0.029 | 0.028 | 0.024 | 0.021 |
|                         | 100                     | 0.034               | 0.032 | 0.030 | 0.028 | 0.028 | 0.022 | 0.019 |
|                         | 150                     | 0.035               | 0.034 | 0.031 | 0.028 | 0.027 | 0.019 | 0.016 |
|                         | 200                     | 0.035               | 0.035 | 0.033 | 0.030 | 0.027 | 0.016 | 0.014 |
|                         | 250                     | 0.035               | 0.035 | 0.034 | 0.030 | 0.026 | 0.017 | 0.016 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.035               | 0.035 | 0.034 | 0.029 | 0.024 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
| 500                     | 20                      | 0.035               | 0.033 | 0.031 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.030 |
|                         | 50                      | 0.034               | 0.032 | 0.030 | 0.028 | 0.028 | 0.024 | 0.023 |
|                         | 75                      | 0.033               | 0.032 | 0.029 | 0.027 | 0.027 | 0.021 | 0.019 |
|                         | 100                     | 0.033               | 0.031 | 0.029 | 0.028 | 0.026 | 0.019 | 0.016 |
|                         | 150                     | 0.035               | 0.033 | 0.030 | 0.027 | 0.024 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 200                     | 0.035               | 0.035 | 0.030 | 0.027 | 0.023 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 250                     | 0.035               | 0.035 | 0.030 | 0.025 | 0.021 | 0.016 | 0.015 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.035               | 0.035 | 0.029 | 0.024 | 0.019 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
| 600                     | 20                      | 0.035               | 0.032 | 0.030 | 0.029 | 0.029 | 0.029 | 0.029 |
|                         | 50                      | 0.033               | 0.030 | 0.029 | 0.027 | 0.026 | 0.023 | 0.021 |
|                         | 75                      | 0.032               | 0.030 | 0.028 | 0.026 | 0.024 | 0.020 | 0.016 |
|                         | 100                     | 0.032               | 0.030 | 0.027 | 0.025 | 0.022 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 150                     | 0.035               | 0.031 | 0.026 | 0.024 | 0.019 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 200                     | 0.035               | 0.031 | 0.026 | 0.021 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 250                     | 0.035               | 0.031 | 0.024 | 0.020 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.035               | 0.031 | 0.023 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
| 800                     | 20                      | 0.035               | 0.031 | 0.030 | 0.029 | 0.029 | 0.029 | 0.029 |
|                         | 50                      | 0.032               | 0.029 | 0.028 | 0.026 | 0.025 | 0.021 | 0.018 |
|                         | 75                      | 0.031               | 0.029 | 0.026 | 0.024 | 0.022 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 100                     | 0.031               | 0.028 | 0.025 | 0.022 | 0.020 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 150                     | 0.034               | 0.028 | 0.023 | 0.019 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 200                     | 0.035               | 0.027 | 0.021 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 250                     | 0.035               | 0.026 | 0.020 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.035               | 0.025 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |

Idler spacing: The above values of  $K_y$  are based on the following idler spacing (for other spacing, see Table 6-3).

|                            |            |                            |            |
|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|------------|
| $(W_b + W_m)$ , lbs per ft | $S_i$ , ft | $(W_b + W_m)$ , lbs per ft | $S_i$ , ft |
| Less than 50               | 4.5        | 100 to 149                 | 3.5        |

Table 6-2. Factor  $K_y$  values.

| Conveyor Length<br>(ft) | $W_b + W_m$<br>(lbs/ft) | Percent Slope       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                         |                         | 0                   | 3     | 6     | 9     | 12    | 24    | 33    |
|                         |                         | Approximate Degrees |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|                         |                         | 0                   | 2     | 3.5   | 5     | 7     | 14    | 18    |
| 1000                    | 50                      | 0.031               | 0.028 | 0.026 | 0.024 | 0.023 | 0.019 | 0.016 |
|                         | 75                      | 0.030               | 0.027 | 0.024 | 0.022 | 0.019 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 100                     | 0.030               | 0.026 | 0.022 | 0.019 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 150                     | 0.033               | 0.024 | 0.019 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 200                     | 0.032               | 0.023 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 250                     | 0.033               | 0.022 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.033               | 0.021 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.033               | 0.021 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
| 1400                    | 50                      | 0.029               | 0.026 | 0.024 | 0.022 | 0.021 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 75                      | 0.028               | 0.024 | 0.021 | 0.019 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 100                     | 0.028               | 0.023 | 0.019 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 150                     | 0.029               | 0.020 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 200                     | 0.030               | 0.021 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 250                     | 0.030               | 0.020 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.030               | 0.019 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.030               | 0.019 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
| 2000                    | 50                      | 0.027               | 0.024 | 0.022 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 75                      | 0.026               | 0.021 | 0.019 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 100                     | 0.025               | 0.020 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 150                     | 0.026               | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 200                     | 0.024               | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 250                     | 0.023               | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.022               | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.022               | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
| 2400                    | 50                      | 0.026               | 0.023 | 0.021 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 75                      | 0.025               | 0.021 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 100                     | 0.024               | 0.019 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 150                     | 0.024               | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 200                     | 0.021               | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 250                     | 0.021               | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.020               | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.020               | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
| 3000                    | 50                      | 0.024               | 0.022 | 0.019 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 75                      | 0.023               | 0.019 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 100                     | 0.022               | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 150                     | 0.022               | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 200                     | 0.019               | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 250                     | 0.018               | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.018               | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |
|                         | 300                     | 0.018               | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 | 0.018 |

Idler spacing: The above values of  $K_y$  are based on the following idler spacing (for other spacing, see Table 6-3).

|                            |            |                            |            |
|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|------------|
| $(W_b + W_m)$ , lbs per ft | $S_i$ , ft | $(W_b + W_m)$ , lbs per ft | $S_i$ , ft |
| Less than 50               | 4.5        | 100 to 149                 | 3.5        |
| 50 to 99                   | 4.0        | 150 and above              | 3.0        |

# Korekcja współczynnika $K_y$

Table 6-3. Corrected factor  $K_y$  values when other than tabular carrying idler spacings are used.

$$W_b + W_m = 66 \text{ lbs/ft}$$

$$S_i = 4.5 \text{ ft}$$

| $W_b + W_m$<br>(lbs/ft) | $S_i$<br>(ft) | Reference Values of $K_y$ for Interpolation |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                         |               | 0.016                                       | 0.018  | 0.020  | 0.022  | 0.024  | 0.026  | 0.028  | 0.030  | 0.032  | 0.034  |
| Less than 50            | 3.0           | 0.0160                                      | 0.0160 | 0.0160 | 0.0168 | 0.0183 | 0.0197 | 0.0212 | 0.0227 | 0.0242 | 0.0257 |
|                         | 3.5           | 0.0160                                      | 0.0160 | 0.0169 | 0.0189 | 0.0207 | 0.0224 | 0.0241 | 0.0257 | 0.0274 | 0.0291 |
|                         | 4.0           | 0.0160                                      | 0.0165 | 0.0182 | 0.0204 | 0.0223 | 0.0241 | 0.0259 | 0.0278 | 0.0297 | 0.0316 |
|                         | 4.5           | 0.016                                       | 0.018  | 0.020  | 0.022  | 0.024  | 0.026  | 0.028  | 0.030  | 0.032  | 0.034  |
|                         | 5.0           | 0.0174                                      | 0.0195 | 0.0213 | 0.0236 | 0.0254 | 0.0273 | 0.0291 | 0.031  | 0.0329 | 0.0348 |
| 50 to 99                | 3.0           | 0.0160                                      | 0.0162 | 0.0173 | 0.0186 | 0.0205 | 0.0221 | 0.0239 | 0.026  | 0.0274 | 0.029  |
|                         | 3.5           | 0.0160                                      | 0.0165 | 0.0185 | 0.0205 | 0.0222 | 0.024  | 0.0262 | 0.0281 | 0.030  | 0.0321 |
|                         | 4.0           | 0.016                                       | 0.018  | 0.020  | 0.022  | 0.024  | 0.026  | 0.028  | 0.030  | 0.032  | 0.034  |
|                         | 4.5           | 0.0175                                      | 0.0193 | 0.0214 | 0.0235 | 0.0253 | 0.0272 | 0.0297 | 0.0316 | 0.0335 | 0.035  |
|                         | 5.0           | 0.0184                                      | 0.021  | 0.023  | 0.0253 | 0.027  | 0.029  | 0.0315 | 0.0335 | 0.035  | 0.035  |
| 100 to 149              | 3.0           | 0.0160                                      | 0.0164 | 0.0186 | 0.0205 | 0.0228 | 0.0246 | 0.0267 | 0.0285 | 0.0307 | 0.0329 |
|                         | 3.5           | 0.016                                       | 0.018  | 0.020  | 0.022  | 0.024  | 0.026  | 0.028  | 0.030  | 0.032  | 0.034  |
|                         | 4.0           | 0.0175                                      | 0.0197 | 0.0213 | 0.0234 | 0.0253 | 0.0277 | 0.0295 | 0.0312 | 0.033  | 0.035  |
|                         | 4.5           | 0.0188                                      | 0.0213 | 0.0232 | 0.0253 | 0.0273 | 0.0295 | 0.0314 | 0.033  | 0.0346 | 0.035  |
|                         | 5.0           | 0.0201                                      | 0.0228 | 0.0250 | 0.0271 | 0.0296 | 0.0316 | 0.0334 | 0.035  | 0.035  | 0.035  |
| 150 to 199              | 3.0           | 0.016                                       | 0.018  | 0.020  | 0.022  | 0.024  | 0.026  | 0.028  | 0.030  | 0.032  | 0.034  |
|                         | 3.5           | 0.0172                                      | 0.0195 | 0.0215 | 0.0235 | 0.0255 | 0.0271 | 0.0289 | 0.031  | 0.0333 | 0.0345 |
|                         | 4.0           | 0.0187                                      | 0.0213 | 0.0235 | 0.0252 | 0.0267 | 0.0283 | 0.0303 | 0.0325 | 0.0347 | 0.035  |
|                         | 4.5           | 0.0209                                      | 0.023  | 0.0253 | 0.0274 | 0.0289 | 0.0305 | 0.0323 | 0.0345 | 0.035  | 0.035  |
|                         | 5.0           | 0.0225                                      | 0.0248 | 0.0272 | 0.0293 | 0.0311 | 0.0328 | 0.0348 | 0.035  | 0.035  | 0.035  |
| 200 to 249              | 3.0           | 0.016                                       | 0.018  | 0.020  | 0.022  | 0.024  | 0.026  | 0.028  | 0.030  | 0.032  | 0.034  |
|                         | 3.5           | 0.0177                                      | 0.0199 | 0.0216 | 0.0235 | 0.0256 | 0.0278 | 0.0295 | 0.031  | 0.0327 | 0.0349 |
|                         | 4.0           | 0.0192                                      | 0.0216 | 0.0236 | 0.0256 | 0.0274 | 0.0291 | 0.0305 | 0.0322 | 0.0339 | 0.035  |
|                         | 4.5           | 0.021                                       | 0.0234 | 0.0253 | 0.0276 | 0.0298 | 0.0317 | 0.0331 | 0.0347 | 0.035  | 0.035  |
|                         | 5.0           | 0.0227                                      | 0.0252 | 0.0274 | 0.0298 | 0.0319 | 0.0338 | 0.035  | 0.035  | 0.035  | 0.035  |

→  $K_y = 0.0214$

# Zmiana współczynnika $K_y$ w funkcji siły w taśmie

Table 6-4.  $A$  and  $B$  values for equation  $K_y = (W_m + W_b) \times A \times 10^{-4} + B \times 10^{-2}$

| Average Belt Tension, lbs | Idler Spacing, ft |       |        |       |        |       |        |       |        |       |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|
|                           | 3.0               |       | 3.5    |       | 4.0    |       | 4.5    |       | 5.0    |       |
|                           | $A$               | $B$   | $A$    | $B$   | $A$    | $B$   | $A$    | $B$   | $A$    | $B$   |
| 1,000                     | 2.150             | 1.565 | 2.1955 | 1.925 | 2.200  | 2.250 | 2.2062 | 2.584 | 2.1750 | 2.910 |
| 2,000                     | 1.8471            | 1.345 | 1.6647 | 1.744 | 1.6156 | 1.982 | 1.5643 | 2.197 | 1.5429 | 2.331 |
| 3,000                     | 1.6286            | 1.237 | 1.4667 | 1.593 | 1.4325 | 1.799 | 1.4194 | 1.991 | 1.4719 | 2.091 |
| 4,000                     | 1.4625            | 1.164 | 1.3520 | 1.465 | 1.3295 | 1.659 | 1.3250 | 1.825 | 1.3850 | 1.938 |
| 5,000                     | 1.2828            | 1.122 | 1.1926 | 1.381 | 1.1808 | 1.559 | 1.1812 | 1.714 | 1.2283 | 1.839 |
| 6,000                     | 1.1379            | 1.076 | 1.0741 | 1.318 | 1.0625 | 1.472 | 1.0661 | 1.627 | 1.0962 | 1.761 |
| 7,000                     | 1.0069            | 1.039 | 0.9448 | 1.256 | 0.9554 | 1.404 | 0.9786 | 1.549 | 1.0393 | 1.657 |
| 8,000                     | 0.9172            | 0.998 | 0.8552 | 1.194 | 0.8643 | 1.337 | 0.8875 | 1.472 | 0.9589 | 1.583 |
| 9,000                     | 0.8207            | 0.958 | 0.8000 | 1.120 | 0.7893 | 1.272 | 0.8339 | 1.388 | 0.8911 | 1.507 |
| 10,000                    | 0.7241            | 0.918 | 0.7362 | 1.066 | 0.7196 | 1.216 | 0.7821 | 1.314 | 0.8268 | 1.430 |
| 11,000                    | 0.6483            | 0.885 | 0.6638 | 1.024 | 0.6643 | 1.167 | 0.7375 | 1.238 | 0.7768 | 1.340 |
| 12,000                    | 0.5828            | 0.842 | 0.5828 | 0.992 | 0.6232 | 1.100 | 0.6750 | 1.180 | 0.7411 | 1.242 |
| 13,000                    | 0.5207            | 0.798 | 0.5241 | 0.938 | 0.5732 | 1.040 | 0.6179 | 1.116 | 0.6821 | 1.169 |
| 14,000                    | 0.4690            | 0.763 | 0.4810 | 0.897 | 0.5214 | 0.996 | 0.5571 | 1.069 | 0.6089 | 1.123 |
| 15,000                    | 0.4172            | 0.718 | 0.4431 | 0.841 | 0.4732 | 0.935 | 0.5179 | 1.006 | 0.5607 | 1.063 |
| 16,000                    | 0.3724            | 0.663 | 0.3966 | 0.780 | 0.4232 | 0.875 | 0.4589 | 0.958 | 0.5054 | 1.009 |

$$W_b + W_m = 66 \text{ lbs/ft}$$

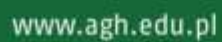
$$S_i = 4.5 \text{ ft}$$

$$\rightarrow K_y = 0.04036 \quad \text{max}$$

$$\rightarrow K_y = 0.01261 \quad \text{min}$$

A minimum  $K_y$  value of .016 should be used when tensions exceed 16,000 lbs. Refer to page 92 for further explanations.

The diagram shows a belt and pulley system with five pulleys. Pulley 1 is at the top right. Pulley 2 and 3 are in the middle, with pulley 2 on the left and pulley 3 on the right. Pulley 4 is at the bottom left, and pulley 5 is in the middle left, below pulley 2. A belt is shown as a continuous line connecting the pulleys: it goes from pulley 1 to pulley 3, then to pulley 2, then to pulley 5, then to pulley 4, and finally back to pulley 1. Pulleys 2 and 3 are shaded with a cross-hatch pattern.



# $T_p$ opór przeginięcia taśmy na bębnach

Table 6-5. Belt tension to rotate pulleys.

| Location of Pulleys | Degrees Wrap of Belt | Pounds of Tension at Belt Line |
|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Tight side          | 150° to 240°         | 200 lbs/pulley                 |
| Slack side          | 150° to 240°         | 150 lbs/pulley                 |
| All other pulleys   | less than 150°       | 100 lbs/pulley                 |

Note: Double the above values for pulley shafts that are not operating in antifricition bearings.

$$2 \times 200 = 400 \text{ lbs}$$

$$3 \times 150 = 450 \text{ lbs}$$

$$T_p = 950 \text{ lbs}$$

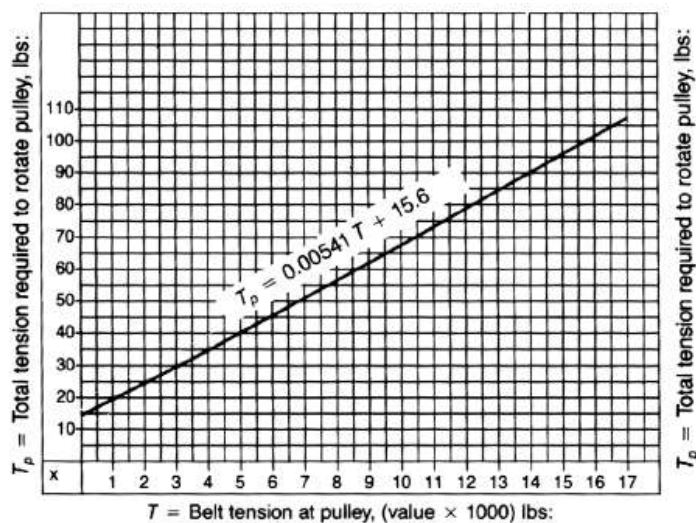


Table C-1.  $T_p$  determination — graphical method for fabric carcass belts.

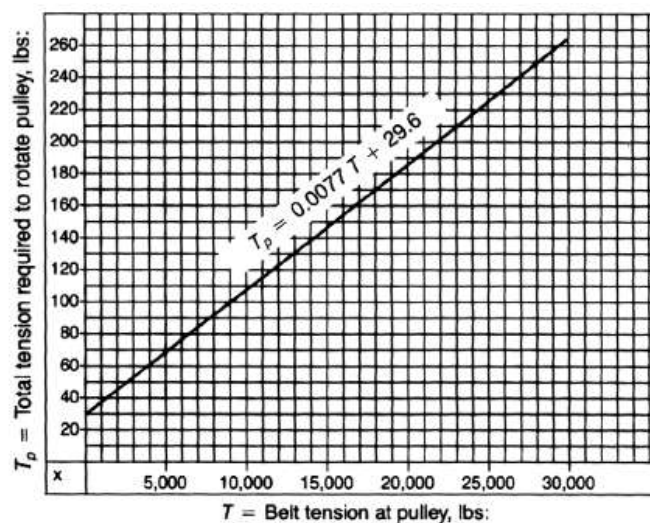


Table C-2.  $T_p$  determination — graphical method for steel cable belts.

# $T_{am}$ — opory przyspieszania nosiwa w punkcie załadowniczym

$$T_{am} = \frac{Q \times 2000}{3600 \times 32.2} \times \frac{V - V_0}{60}$$

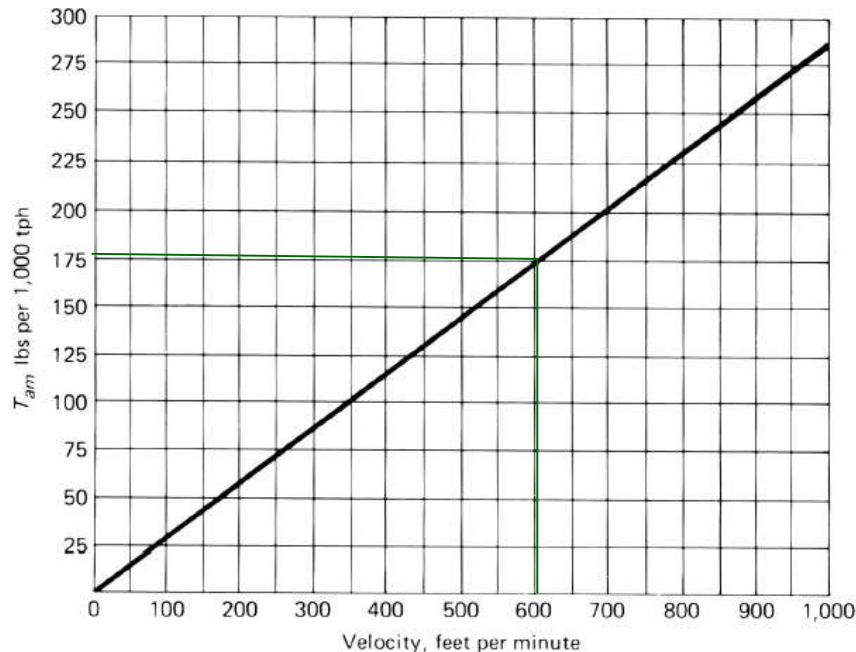
gdzie:

$Q$  = wydajność, tph

$g = 32.2 \text{ ft/sec}^2$

$V$  = prędkość, fpm

$V_0$  = składowa pozioma prędkości podawanego nosiwa, fpm



$$T_{am} = 2.8755 \times 10^{-4} \times Q \times (V - V_0)$$

$$= 2.8755 \times 10^{-4} \times 1000 \times (600 - 0) = 172.53 \text{ lbs}$$

To use this chart:

Enter chart at belt velocity and read  $T_{am}$  per 1,000 tph.

Again enter chart at material velocity in direction of belt travel and read  $T_{am}$  per 1,000 tph. This may be positive, zero, or negative.

Subtract the second  $T_{am}$  reading from the first  $T_{am}$  reading and convert the difference from 1,000 tph to the value for the actual tonnage. This will be the  $T_{am}$  desired, lbs.

# $T_{ac}$ — opory dodatkowe urządzeń czyszczących, zgarniaczy, wózków zrzutowych, ograniczeń bocznych

»  $T_{tr}$  — wózki zrzutowe

»  $T_{pl}$  — zgarniacze

$T_{tr} = 0 \text{ lbs}$

$T_{pl} = 0 \text{ lbs}$

Table 6-6. Discharge plow allowance.

| Type of Plow                                                     | Additional Belt Pull per Plow, at Belt Line (lbs/in belt width) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Full V or single slant plow, removing all material from belt     | 5.0                                                             |
| Partial V or single slant plow, removing half material from belt | 3.0                                                             |

$T_{bc} = 0 \text{ lbs}$

$T_{sb} = 113.8 \text{ lbs}$

»  $T_{bc}$  — urządzenia czyszczące

»  $T_{sb}$  — ograniczenia boczne

$$T_{sb} = L_b (C_s h_s^2 + 6)$$

$L_b$  = długość ograniczeń bocznych,  
= 10 ft

$h_s$  = wysokość ograniczeń, in = 10 in

Table 6-7. Skirtboard friction factor,  $C_s$ .

| Material                 | Factor $C_s$ | Material                   | Factor $C_s$ | Material                    | Factor $C_s$ |
|--------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Alumina, pulv. dry       | 0.1210       | Coke, ground fine          | 0.0452       | Limestone, pulv., dry       | 0.1280       |
| Ashes, coal, dry         | 0.0571       | Coke, lumps and fines      | 0.0186       | Magnesium chloride, dry     | 0.0276       |
| Bauxite, ground          | 0.1881       | Copra, lumpy               | 0.0203       | Oats                        | 0.0219       |
| Beans, navy, dry         | 0.0798       | Cullet                     | 0.0836       | Phosphate rock, dry, broken | 0.1086       |
| Borax                    | 0.0734       | Flour, wheat               | 0.0265       | Salt, common, dry, fine     | 0.0814       |
| Bran, granular           | 0.0238       | Grains, wheat, corn or rye | 0.0433       | Sand, dry, bank             | 0.1378       |
| Cement, Portland, dry    | 0.2120       | Gravel, bank run           | 0.1145       | Sawdust, dry                | 0.0086       |
| Cement clinker           | 0.1228       | Gypsum, 1/2" screenings    | 0.0900       | Soda ash, heavy             | 0.0705       |
| Clay, ceramic, dry fines | 0.0924       | Iron ore, 200 lbs/cu ft    | 0.2760       | Starch, small lumps         | 0.0623       |
| Coal, anthracite, sized  | 0.0538       | Lime, burned, 1/8"         | 0.1166       | Sugar, granulated dry       | 0.0349       |
| Coal, bituminous, mined  | 0.0754       | Lime, hydrated             | 0.0490       | Wood chips, hogged fuel     | 0.0095       |

# Obliczenia oporów ruchu i mocy napędów

$T_e$  opór całkowity:

lbs

|                                                              |                                          |                                                     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| $T_x$ , opory krążników                                      | $= L \times K_x \times K_t$              | $= 3300 \times 0.555 \times 1.0 = 1831.5$           |
| + $T_{yc}$ , opór przeginanania taśmy, góra                  | $= L \times K_y \times W_b \times K_t$   | $= 3300 \times 0.0214 \times 11 \times 1.0 = 776.8$ |
| + $T_{yr}$ , opór przeginanania taśmy, dół                   | $= L \times 0.015 \times W_b \times K_t$ | $= 3300 \times 0.015 \times 11 \times 1.0 = 544.5$  |
| Suma(A)                                                      | $LK_t(K_x + K_yW_b + 0.015W_b)$          | <b>3152.8 lbs</b>                                   |
| + $T_{ym}$ , opór falowania nosiwa                           | $= L \times K_y \times W_m$              | $= 3300 \times 0.0214 \times 55.0 = 3884.1$         |
| + $T_m$ , opór podnoszenia                                   | $= H \times W_m$                         | $= 115 \times 55 = 6325$                            |
| Suma(B)                                                      | $W_m(LK_y \pm H)$                        | <b>10209.1 lbs</b>                                  |
| $T_p$ , bębny                                                |                                          | 950                                                 |
| $T_{am}$ , przyspieszenie nosiwa                             |                                          | 172.5                                               |
| $T_{ac}$ , urządzenia dodatkowe                              | $(T_{tr} + T_{pl} + T_{bc} + T_{sb})$    | 113.8                                               |
| Suma(C)                                                      |                                          | <b>1236,3 lbs</b>                                   |
| <b><math>T_e = \Sigma</math> Subtotals (A), (B), and (C)</b> |                                          | <b>14598,2 lbs</b>                                  |
| <b>CEMA Horsepower Formula</b>                               | $hp = T_e \times V / 30,000$             | <b>265,4 hp</b>                                     |

*Dla sprawności= .94, wymagana moc napędu = 265.4/.94 = 282.3 hp.*

$$\mu \rightarrow K_x K_y \quad m \rightarrow W_b W_m$$

$$\mu \rightarrow f \quad m \rightarrow \sum m_i$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_e = & LK_t(K_x + K_y W_b + 0.015W_b) \\ & + W_m(LK_y \pm H) \\ & + T_p \\ & + T_{am} \\ & + T_{ac} \end{aligned}$$

$$P_u = W_C = C \cdot f \cdot \sum m_i \cdot g \cdot \cos \delta + \sum m_i \cdot g \cdot \sin \delta$$

# Podsumowanie

DIN 22101:1982-02

## Belt Conveyors for Bulk Materials Calculations by CEMA

- metoda obliczeniowa jest ściśle powiązana ze standardem stosowanych podzespołów – krążników i taśm,
  - integralną częścią procedury obliczeniowej są obliczenia trwałości krążników,
  - zależność współczynników oporów ruchu od rozstawu krążników i siły w taśmie,
  - oddzielnie wyznaczane opory przeginalnia taśmy na bębnach
- 
- prawidłowe określenie współczynnika  $f$  wymaga wiedzy i doświadczenia,
  - opory skupione są uwzględniane poprzez współczynnik  $C$  zależny od długości,
  - można spodziewać się trudności w przypadku nowych konstrukcji podzespołów i nietypowych instalacji przenośników,
  - norma DIN 22101 posiada wiele rozszerzeń wprowadzonych przez producentów podzespołów

# Dobór taśmy i weryfikacja mocy napędu - program QNK

**Q [t/h]** – teoretyczna wydajność

W [N] – opory ruchu (DIN 22101, Metoda Oporów Jednostkowych TT)

**N [kW]** – wymagana moc napędu

S [N] – siły w taśmie

R [N] – siły reakcji na bębny i krążniki

L [h] – trwałość łożysk krążników

R<sub>v</sub>, R<sub>h</sub> [m] – łuki horyzontalne i wertykalne trasy

**K [kN/m]** – niezbędna wytrzymałość taśmy

